

CLOCKS

JUST RECEIVED.

Another Shipment of
Marine and Mantle Clocks
Direct from the Makers, at
Challoner, Mitchell & Co's.,
Jewellers, 47 Government St.

SAUCE

Montserrat Lime-Fruit Juice Sauce,
THE CHEAPEST AND BEST.

Cases, 2 Doz. Pints, and 3 Doz. Half Pints.

HUDSON'S BAY COY

KLONDIKE OUTFITTING

WILSON BROTHERS
Wholesale Grocers

Have the largest and best selected stock in the city of PROVISIONS, GROCERIES, TOOLS, COOKING UTENSILS, TENTS, ETC. We have had large experience as to what goods are required and how to pack them so that they may arrive at their destination in good order.

76 and 79, 80 Wharf St., Victoria, B.C.

All Aboard for

Pine Creek, Lake Atlin

The Latest Rich Discoveries.

Take the first steamer after having secured a
First-Class Outfit from

E. J. SAUNDERS & CO., JOHNSON STREET

HIGH LIFE

CIGARETTES

Are, without doubt, in
quality and price.....
The Very Best Made

At E. A. Morris'

Headquarters for

MINERS'

SUPPLIES

SIMON LEISER & CO.

Victoria, B.C.



- SURPRISED -

And so are our customers when they find
how much money we are saving them every
month.

Come along everyone and we will show
you the surprises we are offering for cash.

Hudson Bay Hungarian.....\$1.35 sx
Ogilvie's ".....1.35 sx
Granulated Sugar.....20 lbs \$1.00
Pratt's Astral Coal Oil, tin 1.40
Wheatine.....10c pkg

Dixie H. Ross & Co.

...W. JONES... FOR SALE

AUCTIONEER.

Offers for sale, by private bargain, one
of the choicest homesteads on the island,
containing 510 acres of land, with large,
well-kept orchard, profitable hotel, over 100
acres of cleared land, the whole well
fenced; fronting on a fine sporting lake and
the main trunk roads, six miles from the
city; close to church, school and railway
station. This is one of the biggest bar-
gains ever offered investors. Price low;
terms to suit. A fortune to right party.

IMPORTANT SALE.

At 62 Douglas St.

RALPH CHURTON will sell on FRIDAY,
SEPTEMBER 16th, at 2 p.m. precisely:
Nearly new High-Class Furniture, com-
prising Brussels, Pile and other carpets,
drawing-room suite upholstered in plush,
fenced; fronting on a fine sporting lake and
the main trunk roads, six miles from the
city; close to church, school and railway
station. This is one of the biggest bar-
gains ever offered investors. Price low;
terms to suit. A fortune to right party.

AUCTION
Desirable Furniture

Thursday, Sept. 15 at 2 p.m.

I am instructed to sell by auction on the
premises, 157 Menzies street, a nice lot of
well-kept furniture, consisting of Walnut
Dining Table, Oak Sideboard, Carpets,
Chairs, Oak Rocker, 1 Plush Bed Lounge,
Hanging Lamps, Handsome Dining Set,
Rattan Stand, Curtains, Poles, Books,
Glassware, Ornaments, Fine Plate Mirror
(with M.T. stand), Portieres, Rugs, Hall
and Stair Carpet, Rugs, 2 Fine Oak Bed-
room Suites (4 pieces each), Spring Mat-
tresses, Blankets, Bed Covers, Chairs, Toilet
Sets, Carpets, Blinds, etc., 1 Richelieu
Stove (No. 8), Oil Cloth, Ice Freezer, Lot
Crockery, Trunk, Table, 100 feet Haul,
Mower, Garden Tools, Sweeper, Jams,
Hunting Stove, etc., etc.
GEORGE BYRNES, Auctioneer.

Mrs. WELCH-Spiritual business medium:
psychometric readings of photos and
received-some beautiful effects. J. J.
Reading, \$1.
We have some of the best hand written
shipped to this city. Stock-keepers should
take advantage of it and send in their
orders. Telephone 30. Hartmann & Co., 73
Yates street.
10,000 ROLLS NEW WALL PAPERS just
received-some beautiful effects. J. J.
Mellor, 76-78 Fort Street, agent for
Lloyd's Plate Glass Insurance. je24

AT HARDAKER'S AUCTION ROOMS,
77, 79 and 81 Douglas street, corner
Yates.

2 Very Fine Pianos

One by Williams & Sons, Toronto.
One by W. G. Earveston, London.

STOCKS FOR SALE.

The following stocks are recommended as
a good speculation for an early rise:

Deer Park.....21c.
Iron Ore.....10c.
Athabasca.....33c.
Con. Alhambra.....19c.
Grand Prize.....24c.
St. Elmo.....6c.
Noble Five.....6c.
Quotations for other stocks to be had on
application at our office. List your stocks
with us as we are in daily communication
with wire with Toronto, Montreal, Spokane,
Kossland and other outside cities.

MONEY TO LOAN.
On first mortgage on Victoria real estate
by the Yorkville Guarantee & Securities
Corporation and by The Dominion Perma-
nent Loan Co.

FINE RESIDENCE FOR SALE.
Mr. Hedley Chapman's residence on Dal-
las road, either with or without the fur-
niture. Open to an offer.

HOUSES TO LET.

Swiss Cottage on Esquimalt road contain-
ing 7 rooms with frontage on the water
(furnished), rent \$45.
10-room, Simcoe street (furnished), \$40.00
9-room, Boyd street (unfurnished), 20.00
7-room, Cedar Hill road.....5.00
9-room, Dallas road.....20.00
5-room, Esquimalt road.....7.00
5-room, Front street, Victoria W.....7.00
4-room, Green street.....5.00
4-room, Kane street.....20.00
5-room, Labouchere street.....10.00
6-room, Victoria West.....5.00

FURNISHED COUNTRY RESIDENCE
To let for two years, along with 125 acres
of land, 25 acres cleared and under cul-
tivation, situated 12 miles from town. Rent
on application.

A. W. MORE & CO.,
Stock Brokers and Real Estate Agents,
86 Government street.

IF YOUR HOUSE requires paint, the best
is cheapest. Mellor's Pure Mixed Paint
repairs for itself; \$1.50 per gallon. J. W.
Mellor, Fort street. ap7

LINSEED OIL, pure English, in 4-gallon
tins, at 6c. per gallon; pure white lead,
80 per 100 lbs.; No. 1 white lead, \$5.50
per 100 lbs.; W. Mellor, agent for
Lloyd's Plate Glass Insurance, Fort
street, above Douglas. je25

INSURANCE IS ONE MILLION.

(From Our Own Correspondent.)

New Westminster, Sept. 13.—To-day
has been one of activity. Already quite
a village has arisen from the ashes.
These, however, are merely temporary
structures and tents, as no shacks will
be allowed on the main streets, where
substantial buildings will shortly be com-
menced.

The city hall will be rebuilt immedi-
ately, and Major Dupont and a dozen
others commence brick blocks as soon as
possible. Work will also soon com-
mence on the federal and provincial govern-
ment blocks, which operations will
tend greatly to avert the distress which
otherwise must be felt during the com-
ing winter.

The relief fund is growing hourly,
thanks to the generosity of sister cities,
and public-spirited citizens and corpora-
tions of East and West. Thus the
pressing necessities are being relieved,
but the work must continue some time
yet, as many not homeless are without
occupation or money.

The underwriters, at a meeting this
afternoon, placed the total insurance at
\$1,000,000, and the total loss at \$2,250,-
000.

Exhibition arrangements are progress-
ing. Two district fairs have cancelled
their dates and donated their grants to
the provincial fair.

Thousands of relic-hunters and kodak
fiends are reaping a harvest here.

WESTMINSTER FAIR.

Official Notification That It Will Be
Held As At First Intended.

Westminster is thoroughly in earnest
in deciding in spite of all difficulties to
carry out the provincial exhibition next
month. Yesterday a telegram was re-
ceived from the exhibition secretary by
Mr. W. H. Price, manager for the Okell
& Morris Co. It reads: "Please cir-
culate as widely as possible that the fair
will go on as originally arranged. We
expect all your exhibitors and are retain-
ing space for them."

"ARTHUR MALINS,
Secretary."

ONTARIO TOO.

Premier Hardy Telegraphs Twenty-Five
Hundred Dollars For Relief.

Hon. C. A. Semlin, provincial premier,
yesterday received a despatch from Pre-
mier Hardy, of Ontario, advising him
that \$2,500 had been voted by the
provincial government of Ontario for the
relief of the sufferers by the fire at New
Westminster. Practical sympathy com-
ing as this does from a sister province,
cannot but be appreciated by the people
of the Royal City.

GENEROUS OFFER.

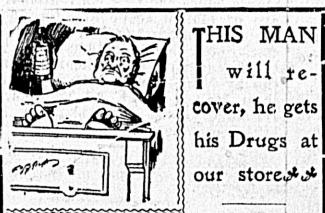
C. P. N. Co. Will Carry Provisions
to Westminster Free of Charge.

Besides telegraphing a subscription of
\$500 to Mayor Owens, of New Westmin-
ster, for the relief of the sufferers by
the big fire and placing the steamer Is-
lander at the disposal of the A. O. F.
for two excursions to Vancouver on Sat-
urday and Sunday in aid of the relief
fund, the Canadian Pacific Navigation
Company, themselves heavy losers by the
fire, have announced that all donations
will be carried by their boats to Van-
couver or New Westminster free of
charge. This will enable those who are
handling the relief fund to spend the
whole amount on provisions and clothing,
no provision having to be made for
freight charges.

A POPULAR PRESIDENT.

Guatemala's Chief Officer Re-Elected by
Almost Unanimous Vote.

Washington, Sept. 13.—Minister Hun-
ter telegraphs the state department from
Guatemala under date of yesterday as
follows: The election of a president for
Guatemala held during the first seven
days of September resulted in the elec-
tion of the present incumbent, Manuel
Estrada Cabrera, by the largest major-
ity ever given presidential candidate in
the republic. Two candidates were
voted for: Ceberera and Castillo, both
Liberals. There were 316,000 votes cast,
Ceberera receiving 315,336 and Castillo
504. Hence, good order and an untrun-
cated exercise of the election franchise
marked the entire election. This ap-
pears to settle the report of riot and
bloodshed in Guatemala by an incoming
steamer, as Minister Hunter brings news
of events up to yesterday.



THIS MAN
will re-
cover, he gets
his Drugs at
our store.

BOWES....
HE Dispenses Prescriptions.
100 Government Street, near Yates.

Underwriters Show the Distribution of Their
Share in the Loss at New
Westminster.

Building Enterprise Helping
to Avert the Prospect-
ive Distress.

Liberal Contributions Already Re-
lieving the Needs of the
Homeless.

Sensation Caused by Arrest of a
Farmer on Suspicion of
Incendiarism.

The Suspect Talked Mysteriously
"in His Cups" But Now
Offers an Alibi.

Vancouver, Sept. 13.—(Special)—Like
the black flag and the tolling bell stories,
the incident of the arrest of one Shep-
pard, charged with setting fire to New
Westminster, is paling into insignifi-
cance. Sheppard is a farmer living in
South Westminster. He met Mr. Ken-
nedy, another farmer, and a brother to
Messrs. Kennedy, of the Columbian, and
is said to have made a confession. What
did occur was as follows, in the words of
Mr. Kennedy:

"I spoke to Sheppard as we were
crossing the river on the ferry. He said
enough to me to arouse my suspicions,
and I informed the police of what I had
learned."

"He said: 'It was just what I ex-
pected.'"
"I said: 'How do you know so
much?'"
"Sheppard replied: 'Oh, I expected
it.'"

"I said that this was strange, and he
replied:
"There will be more of it.'"
"He led me to believe that he knew
much about the fire. He might have
had a drink or two. I don't know. He
said that there would be more of the
29th. I said, 'Yes.' He said 'Yes.' Then
he said, 'There will be more of it.' That
ended the conversation. I know
nothing else about the matter."

Sheppard was dumbfounded when ar-
rested and brought before the magis-
trate. He said he was simply "joshing"
Kennedy, as he frequently did. He
pleaded not guilty, and explained that
he left New Westminster and crossed
the river on the Surrey, and, with Rev.
Mr. Green, went out five miles in the
country on the Newton road. He had
supper at Eyles' place and then went
out to his own home, about half a mile
distant. He slept there and returned to
Eyles' the next morning, between 3 and
6 o'clock, having made an arrangement
to go shooting with young Eyles.

Sheppard is inclined to be dissipated,
and prominent citizens seen by the
Colonist representative this morning gave
as their opinion that the alleged con-
fession was nothing more than the in-
timidated cry of a drunken man.

RELIEF CONTRIBUTIONS.

Many substantial contributions to the
relief fund have already reached New
Westminster, and assurances of still
more have been received. At present it
is hard to get a complete list of the
amount subscribed up to date, but the
principal donations are as follows:

C. P. N. Co.....\$5,000 00
Toronto Board of Control.....1,000 00
James Dunsmuir, M. P. P.....1,000 00
Winnipeg City Council.....500 00
Hamilton City Council.....500 00
Victoria Board of Trade.....500 00
Seattle Post-Intelligencer.....100 00
Okanagan Flour Mills.....50 00
Nanaimo City.....500 00
Senator Templeman.....100 00
Tuckett & Sons, Hamilton.....100 00
Eaton & Co., Toronto.....100 00
City of Montreal.....1,000 00
St. John, N. B.....1,000 00
Turner, Beeton & Co.....250 00
Lord Aberdeen.....250 00
Victoria City Council.....1,000 00
Women's Council fund.....65 00

It is estimated that over \$10,000 worth
of goods have already reached Westmin-
ster for relief purposes.

The Sun Life Insurance company ex-
plains that their mortgages were entirely
covered by insurance, and that they lost
nothing on the mortgage account.

ONE MILLION INSURANCE.

The following is a list of the insurance
on the burned property, as shown by the
official statements prepared by the un-
derwriters, and showing a total of close
on a million dollars:

North British & Mercantile.....\$ 65,000	18,800
Sun Fire of London.....44,000	44,000
Royal.....40,000	40,000
London & Lancashire.....80,000	80,000
Hartford.....5,000	5,000
British America of Toronto.....9,000	9,000
Liverpool & London & Globe.....10,700	10,700
Phoenix of London.....75,000	75,000
Guardian.....6,000	6,000
Alliance.....40,800	40,800
Atlas.....35,600	35,600
Aetna.....38,800	38,800
Connecticut.....50,000	50,000
Union.....28,900	28,900
Insurance Co. of North America.....23,900	23,900
Manchester.....24,800	24,800
London & Canadian.....18,000	18,000
Imperial.....18,000	18,000
Northern.....5,300	5,300
London Assurance Corporation.....147,000	147,000
Commercial Union.....107,750	107,750
Norwich Union.....44,000	44,000
Scottish Union & National.....25,700	25,700
Queensland.....18,700	18,700
Queen's of New York.....7,500	7,500
National of Ireland.....21,000	21,000
Phoenix of Hartford.....20,000	20,000
Western of Toronto.....19,000	19,000

VICTORIA'S SYMPATHY.

Corporation Contributes a Thousand
Dollars to the Rapidly Growing
Relief Fund.

The people of Victoria are not allowing
any time to pass before taking energetic
steps to help out the people of West-
minster in their time of need. The city
council yesterday morning met and hav-
ing heard Mayor Redfern's account of
what was most required at Westminster
in the shape of immediate necessities,
decided to at once forward \$3,000 in
supplies and Ald. Bragg, Humphrey,
McGregor with the Mayor and Mr.
Northeast, purchasing agent, specially de-
cided on what to procure. As a result
there was shipped by the C. P. N. last
night 2 tons of flour, 1/2 ton bacon, 1 ton
sugar, 240 lbs. tea, 240 lbs. coffee, 25
sheet iron stores and utensils, 200 lbs.
candles, 200 lbs. butter, 200 lbs. lard,
6 cases canned meat, 6 cases jam and
400 lbs. oatmeal in addition to the 100
mattresses already sent.

Then at the public meeting called at
four o'clock the Mayor presided and told
shortly to the ladies and gentlemen pre-
sent the great necessity there was for
the people of Victoria to do their duty
in succoring the people of Westminster.
It devolved on the people of Victoria to
collect what they could in money, food
and clothing for the sufferers. The C.
P. N. had kindly offered to ship all do-
nations free of charge and the Mayor
suggested that committees be struck and
a central place decided upon for gather-
ing together and packing up the supplies
collected. He mentioned that in addi-
tion to the other subscriptions already
opened there was one at the treasurer's
office at the City hall and it could be later
announced through the press where
other lists might be seen.

There was a little discussion as to
whether the should be a house to house
census. Bishop Perrin felt that the
people would come forward without that
being done but Hon. E. G. Prior and
Senator Templeman suggested that while
people were willing to help better results
would be obtained by a house to house
census.

While the meeting was in progress, the
Mayor announced that he had been
handed a check from the Colonist for
\$1,053, being the amount of the subscrip-
tions taken at that office up to 2 o'clock
Mr. B. W. Pearce handed the city clerk
a check for \$50 and the Misses Woods
handed in \$2.50. The list at the treasur-
er's office at the City hall was only there
for a short time, but had reached about
\$50 before the office closed.

The following was the general commit-
tee selected to represent the city: The
Lieutenant-Governor, Mayor and Mrs.
Redfern, Senators Macdonald and Tem-
pleman, Hon. E. G. Prior, M.P.P.;
Thos. Barrie, M.P.; J. H. Turner, M.P.P.;
H. Dallas Hencken, M.P.P.; A. E.
McPhillips, M.P.P.; James Dunsmuir,
M.P.P.; Judges of the Supreme court,
Bishop Perrin, Bishop Christie, Bishop
Grudge, B. W. Pearce, Archdeacon Scriv-
en, Chief Deans, R. P. Rishet, all
clergymen in charge of congregations in
the city, council of the British Colum-
bia.

(Continued on Page Two.)

ATHLETE AND
SWEET CAPORAL
10 CENTS
PER PACKET.
CIGARETTES

H. L. SALMON'S, LEADING
TOBACCONIST

Salmon Block, Victoria, B. C.

Victoria Fall Races

At the Driving Park on
Friday and Saturday, Sept. 16-17

\$1,400 IN PURSES.

FIVE RUNNING RACES EACH DAY.

Montana, Oregon, Washington, California,
Calgary and British Columbia stables will
be represented by the fastest horses that
have ever competed on the Coast.
First race each day at 3 p.m. sharp.
The Fifth Regiment Band will be in at-
tendance each afternoon.

Klondike Information Bureau.

W. WALLACE GRIME & CO.,
Real Estate, Mining Shipping and Customs
Brokers, Commission and General Insurance
Agents, 61 Yates Street, Victoria, B. C.
Telephone 45

Prof. C. Gartner, B.A.

Voice Production, Art of Sing-
ing and Instrumental Music...

An opportunity for receiving a thorough
musical education. The methods used in
teaching are those of the leading European
masters and conservatories of music. For
catalogue and particulars call or address
STUDIO 10, Room 85, Five Slaters' Block, Vic-
toria, B. C.

LOST—On Sept. 1st, between Broadmead
Park and town on 20-inch pipe line, one
book, red Morocco cover, lettered Record
of Water Meter Readings, 1898. A re-
ward will be given for return of same to
City Hall.

LOOKS LIKE ELECTIONS

Liberals Anxious to Secure New Lease of Power Before Again Meeting Parliament.

Three Millions Added to Public Debt Though Surplus Claimed for Past Year.

Mr. Bostock Stirring Himself to Organize the Liberals of British Columbia.

Toronto, Sept. 13.—(Special)—The Mail and Empire's leading editorial says: Several circumstances point to the possibility of general elections for the Dominion before next session, the government thus taking advantage of the results of the good crops, larger exports, and the alleged surplus.

Montreal, Sept. 13.—(Special)—La Patrie, Mr. Tarte's paper, announces that the writs for the by-elections to fill the vacancies in the House of Commons will not be issued until after the close of the conference, towards the end of October or beginning of November.

Roseland, Sept. 13.—(Special)—As an outcome of a Liberal pow-wow held here it is understood that C. A. Gregg, of Victoria, will likely be appointed Liberal organizer in British Columbia and that the work of getting the Liberal forces in a state of fighting efficiency will be undertaken at once. Mr. Bostock and Gregg go from here to Nelson where it is said they will use their influence to have Mr. Hume returned unopposed.

St. John, N.B., Sept. 13.—(Special)—Speaking at a political picnic at Gagetown yesterday, Finance Minister Fielding claimed that Canada was never so prosperous as to-day. He denied that the National Policy still existed, and referred to the preferential duties. Mr. Fielding next discussed financial matters and stated that notwithstanding the operations of Conservative politicians, there would be a surplus of \$40,270,000 against \$38,750,000 of expenditures. This, said Mr. Fielding, is the largest revenue ever raised in the history of Canada. He stated that the figures were not official but they would be found nearly accurate. In conclusion he said the fiscal year would be found to be the most prosperous in the history of Canada and in no two years had the country made such progress as in the last two years under Liberal rule. Ministers Patterson and Blair and Premier Emerson also spoke.

Ottawa, Sept. 13.—(Special)—The public debt of the country shows an increase of \$2,704,589 for the last fiscal year. The revenue on consolidated fund account was \$40,270,000 against \$38,750,000 of expenditures, giving a nominal surplus of \$1,520,000, but during the Conservative regime the Liberal politicians and newspapers always added capital expenditure to the calculation which now would make the deficit \$2,704,589. The capital expenditure for last year was \$5,646,293.

DOMINION NEWS NOTES.

Minister Dryden Secures New Chance at Polls—Premier Greenway's Son Dead.

T. A. Greenway, of Crystal City, Man., son of Premier Greenway, died yesterday of typhoid fever, aged 31. Deceased was one of the most popular young men of the district and his death will be generally regretted. Premier Greenway has been for several weeks at his son's bedside.

The first Ontario election trial was decided yesterday, when Mr. Calder, Conservative, who defeated Hon. John Dryden in South Ontario, was sentenced for bribery. Mr. Dryden will again contest the constituency and Mr. Calder test he also will run. The cross petition against Mr. Dryden was dismissed. John A. Gross, a well-known Montrealer who left in November for Kingston, has returned to Montreal. He proceeded by way of Edmonton and a report along the Mackenzie river. Traces of gold were found in nearly all the rivers running into the Mackenzie but not sufficient to warrant the hope that any great quantity would be found. Mr. Gross says he has come to the conclusion that Montreal is good enough for him.

When stumps were drawn yesterday the Toronto cricket team had scored 133 in the first innings and 104 for four wickets in the second, or a total of 237, against 437 scored by the Englishmen in a single innings.

Lord Herschell, chairman of the Quebec conference, arrived in Toronto yesterday afternoon from Niagara accompanied by Mayor Shaw and Mr. Kimbrell, who had crossed the lake with him. He was escorted to the Queen's hotel and there entertained at lunch by the city council.

At the Moleja mines, Queen's county, Nova Scotia, yesterday an explosion occurred killing Rupert Davany and Clarence Boyle.

At Victoria beach, Digby county, N.S., yesterday, Steven Haines' house was burned and two children perished. D. A. Chis, a cannery factory at Burlington was destroyed by fire yesterday. Loss \$8,000; insurance \$5,000.

W. J. Hammond, the murderer who is to be hanged on Thursday, has been removed from Barrie to Bracebridge gaol. A large crowd watched his departure. He appears unconcerned and indifferent.

Lord Brassey passed through Toronto yesterday on his way West by way of Owen Sound.

SOUTH SEA FILIBUSTERS.

Report That Arms From America Have Been Landed for Philippine Insurgents.

Manila, Sept. 13.—The American bark Abbey, with a cargo of arms and ammunition from the United States, which left Canton, ostensibly for Singapore, under heavy bonds, ten days ago, has now, it is said, landed 5,000 Krags-Jorgensen rifles and cartridges in Batangas province for the insurgents. The report seems impossible, though it comes from a good source.

The indications are to-day that the insurgents intend to comply peacefully with the American request to leave the suburbs of Manila on September 15.

TUESDAY'S BALL GAMES.

At Philadelphia—Philadelphia, 5; Boston, 3. At New York—New York, 1; Baltimore, 2. Second game—New York, 0; Baltimore, 0. At Pittsburg—Pittsburg, 0; Chicago, 4.

NOTES FROM THE CAPITAL.

Stations for Instruction in Poultry Farming—Proposed Influx of Russians.

(From Our Own Correspondent.) Ottawa, Sept. 13.—The department of agriculture is about to establish three experimental poultry stations with a view to instructing farmers on the best methods for feeding poultry for market, one station in the province of Quebec, one at Ottawa and one in Western Ontario. Aymer Maude, an English commercialist, had an interview with Mr. Smart, deputy minister of the interior, to-day on behalf of the Russian Christians of the Universal Brotherhood whom it is proposed to transport to the Canadian Northwest. Mr. Smart will report the matter to Mr. Sifton.

Much uneasiness prevails in many quarters at Mr. Sifton's Galician immigration policy and it is hoped he will not countenance the wholesale migration of these Russians to Canada. Charles Russell, son of the Lord Chief Justice, is here. He says all formalities in connection with Sir Thos. Lipton's challenge for the America cup are completed. Samuel Cox, editor of the London Tablet, a leading Catholic weekly of Great Britain is here.

THE SLAIN EMPRESS.

Few Have Seen Her Majesty's Features Since Death—The Coffin Now Finally Closed.

Fraunce Joseph Proposes to "Honor This Unique Woman in a Special Way."

Geneva, Switzerland, Sept. 13.—On the arrival here to-day of the representatives of the Austrian court they were conducted to the death chamber and viewed the remains of the Empress. The ladies of the party were particularly affected. After prayers had been offered, the coffin was finally closed in the presence of the authorities. Nobody, not even the Emperor Francis Joseph, will see the face again. The body was enveloped in a black flannel dress, the hair arranged with a diadem over the forehead and the hands folded lightly together holding a cross and rosary. White roses form a garland around the whole body concealing the white satin lining of the coffin. Few have seen Her Majesty's features as her face most of the time has been covered with a white cloth while a white floral veil has covered the face. The Bishop of Fribourg, the archbishop of the Cathedral of Notre Dame, and several Genoese ecclesiastics in full canonicals blessed the remains in the presence of the court personages, each of whom sprinkled the body with holy water.

President Ruffo and the members of the council came from Berne in a body officially to tender the nation's sympathies to the late Empress. Replying to President Ruffo's address, Count von Kuefstein, the Austrian minister, thanked the mass of people, "who in these unhappy days have given evidence of so great sympathy with the Austrians. It is expected that the assassin will be tried at a special term next month, though it is asserted here that Ludwig, being a foreigner, may be extradited to Austria. The assassin declares that if he had been in Italy he would have struck at King Humbert.

Vienna, Sept. 13.—The Kings of Saxony, Serbia and Roumania, with an immense and noble assemblage will attend the funeral. The will of the Empress gives full instructions regarding her obsequies. King's castle is left to her favorite daughter, Archduchess Valarie. The Empress left the bulk of her fortune to be divided among her grand children. Her reading the will, Emperor Francis Joseph said: "I must honor this unique woman in a special way." It is understood that the Emperor will found a great charitable institution to immortalize her name.

Genoa, Sept. 13.—The work of arresting suspects here and at Leghorn continues. One has confessed that he made the weapon, assisted by the assassin, but all investigation fails to prove that the murderer had accomplices or belonged to any organization.

THE PARIS EXCITEMENT.

Expectation of Arrest More Sensational Than Any Yet—President Hostile to Revision.

Paris, Sept. 13.—Among the rumors in circulation to-night regarding the Dreyfus case is one that an arrest still more sensational than any yet made is imminent. Another report says that when General Zurlinden, minister of war, resigns, legal action for revision will be commenced before his successor is appointed. Gen. Zurlinden, at the last moment, begged to be excused from accompanying President Dreyfus to the manoeuvres. The newspaper assertions that M. Faure is supporting M. Zurlinden in opposition to revision have created considerable comment, and give rise to the notion that there will be no revision while M. Faure is president. To-night four men armed with clubs attacked and severely injured M. Philibert Rogot, director of a Dreyfusist paper. One of the four is under arrest.

VANCOUVER NEWS.

Terrible Story of Starvation on Interior Trails—Prospects for B. C. Iron Works.

(From Our Own Correspondent.) Vancouver, Sept. 13.—Several funds have been started in the city for the relief of Westminsters.

The creditors of the B. C. Iron Works, unsecured, have been offered 50 cents on the dollar. The majority of the creditors will accept the offer. A Philadelphia firm will take over the works if the offer is accepted.

A party of Manitobans have reached here by the Coquitlam, arriving to-day, who came out via Telegraph Creek, having been in by the Ashcroft trail. They claim to have passed men actually starving, sixty in one place. They had lost clothes, horses and provisions. The poor fellows were dazed with weakness, and their minds wandered. They were exclaiming on quinine, gophers, etc. Their horses had starved. Another party of relief is sent soon they will die.

PROTESTS BY NATIVES.

Cubans as Well as Filipinos Chafe at Suggestion of American Control.

Situation at Manila Easier, the Insurgent Troops Withdrawing—Shafter's Report.

Washington, Sept. 13.—The situation at Manila was discussed at some length to-day at the meeting of the cabinet. The principal business of the meeting was the discussion of the instructions to be given to the commission which will meet in Paris to formulate a treaty of peace with Spain. Several of the members of the cabinet who were taking their vacations were recalled by the President to attend the meeting. It is the President's wish, as expressed to the cabinet members, that nothing concerning the instructions be made public. Indeed, so thoroughly did this understanding obtain among the members of the cabinet that Secretary Day authorized the statement that so far from making public anything of the nature of the instructions to be given to the peace commission, the President had decided to do all in their power to prevent any publicity in the matter.

London, Sept. 13.—The Manila correspondent of the Times, telegraphing Tuesday, says: "A better feeling prevails between the Americans and the insurgents, probably induced through the influence of the insurgent leaders assembled at Malolos. To-day Aguinaldo sent an officer to ask permission to move a detachment of troops from London, one of the suburbs of Manila. The request was promptly granted, and a large detachment of insurgent evacuated London this afternoon, marching through the American lines in the direction of the waterworks, and receiving proper military honors en route. Both parties seem anxious to avoid a conflict."

Havana, Sept. 13.—The Spanish and American evacuation committee decided that for the present they would discuss the more important points to come under their consideration by letter, and only meet in joint session later to discuss details. Therefore no joint session will be held for some time.

The president, Mr. Robert F. Porter, who is in Havana on special commission for the United States government, is regarded with suspicion by the party of Free Cuba, as indicating the establishment of an American policy of guardianship. Mr. Porter is preparing a revision of the Cuban tariff, which will probably protect Cuban industries, and is acquainting himself with every detail of local taxation. In this work he is assisted by a capable man. At present his efforts are only preliminary, as until after the definite settlement of peace, it will be impossible to establish the new regime. But his efforts are not without effect, and the announcement that American troops will be sent later to supply the island, which has hitherto been doubted by many, have had the effect of provoking protests from the more rabid Cubans, who are holding meetings and adopting resolutions against such an encroachment upon their rights as citizens of the free and independent republic of Cuba by the establishment of an imperial protectorate.

Washington, Sept. 13.—Gen. Shafter to-day submitted to the war department his report on the situation in Cuba, covering not only the battle of Santiago, but the entire progress of the military invasion of Cuba. The report is a voluminous document, covering, with the supplementary reports of the division commanders, about 200 type-written pages. Of this, Gen. Shafter's report forms about half. It was stated that the report would not be made public for the present, the desire being to place it first in the hands of the President and Secretary Alger, and allow sufficient time for consultation over the contents. After that there is little doubt the material report, and perhaps the entire report, will be made public.

JAPAN'S HIGHER TARIFF.

Steps Looking to the Inauguration of the New Arrangement.

Washington, Sept. 13.—A telegram has been received at the Japanese legation to the effect that on the 13th instant the government of Japan proclaimed that the new Japanese tariff, as well as the English, German, French and Austro-Hungarian conventional tariffs, would be put into operation on the 1st of January, 1899. This step makes the inauguration of Japan's new treaty relations with the European powers. The revised treaties as a whole will go into operation in July, 1899, but by their terms it was provided that if the Japanese government so desired, a new tariff might be substituted before the date for the conventional tariff which has been in operation since 1859.

The new tariff will consist of two parts, first the schedule of rates on certain articles specified in the treaties with the four powers named; second, the general statutory tariff enacted by the diet. The conventional tariffs will continue during the life of the treaties; the statutory will be subject to the conventional tariff. The United States and other powers besides those having conventional tariffs will enjoy all the benefits of these tariffs by reason of the favored nation clause in their treaties.

The present conventional tariff, which as previously indicated has existed substantially unchanged since 1859, fixed a maximum of 5 per cent. ad valorem, which could not be increased except with the consent of the treaty powers. Japan will enjoy practically complete liberty of action under the new arrangements, since the new conventional tariffs are of limited scope and terminable at the expiration of a fixed period. The new conditional tariffs include about 320 articles, exclusive of duplicated items, and the average rate of duty is a little less than 10 per cent. ad valorem. The statutory tariff will show a slightly higher average.

Less than 80 years ago the offense of murdering a horse was punished by death in England.

That counsel didn't gain his case. If sick headache is misery what are Carter's Little Liver Pills if they will positively cure it? People who have used them speak frankly of their worth. They are small and easy to take.

Stop that Cough! Take warning. It may lead to Consumption. A 25c. bottle of Syrup of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. Sold by

INSURANCE IS ONE MILLION.

Continued from Page One.

Board of Trade, Police Magistrate Macrae, E. B. Paul, Miss Williams, Mr. Gilles, Miss Cameron, A. B. McNeill, Mrs. Taylor, L. F. G. managers of the banks, ladies' fraternal help societies, officers of Universal Brotherhood, W. J. Hanna, officers of Local Council of Women, Charles Hayward, J. B. Lovell, W. H. Price, and L. H. Swinerton.

The committee at the evening meeting selected Chief Justice as secretary and Mr. Charles Kent as treasurer. The next thing was to divide the city up into collecting districts similar to those for the 24th of May celebration and a chairman named for each district, it being understood that the chairman should select his own assistants.

The districts and chairmen are: No. 1.—South of Yates and west of Government, Charles Hayward, No. 2.—North of Yates and west of Government street, Chief Deasy. No. 3.—South of Yates between Government and Douglas streets, Ald. McGregor.

No. 4.—North of Yates between Government and Douglas streets, Ald. Humphrey. No. 5.—South of Yates and east of Douglas street, Ald. Phillips. No. 6.—North of Yates and west of Government street, Ald. Bragg. No. 7.—James Bay, Ald. Hall. No. 8.—Victoria West and Rock Bay, Rev. Mr. Macmillan.

No. 9.—Esquimalt, Rev. Ensor Sharp. The Ladies' Friendly Help Society promised to look after the clothing and provisions and will be at their room, two 9 public Market building, daily between 9 and 10 p.m. to receive contributions. In this connection the ladies of the society are requested to report some time to-day at the rooms to have the work apportioned out to them.

A warning note was sounded against people who were representing themselves as collecting for the fire sufferers and the following resolution was passed by the meeting.

"That the citizens of Victoria be requested not to give contributions to the Western Fair relief fund to any person or persons except those authorized by this committee to make such collections."

Just before the meeting closed Mr. Price volunteered to see whether clothing boxes could be placed in the street cars of the city and the idea met general approval.

Subscription lists will be put in various public places and the Mayor said that it would be better for all the money to go through the treasurer's hands. The Mayor said in communication with Mayor Owens and from time to time whether supplies or cash is needed most.

FOR CHARITY'S SAKE.

Entertainments to Be Held in Aid of the Relief Fund.

In every way possible Victorians are endeavoring to render aid to the citizens of the Royal City, made homeless by Sunday's fire. The direct donations will only form a portion of the funds to be provided by Victorians, for numerous entertainments in aid of the relief fund are to be held. Last evening the Fifth regiment band started the ball rolling with a promenade concert in the drill hall, and this evening a collection will be taken up at the concert, which is to be held at A. O. U. W. hall, and also at the concert in St. Andrew's Presbyterian church. An attractive vocal and instrumental programme has been arranged for the St. Andrew's church concert, among the numbers being solos by Miss McNiffe and Mr. James McNeill, and also at the concert in St. Andrew's Presbyterian church. An attractive vocal and instrumental programme has been arranged for the St. Andrew's church concert, among the numbers being solos by Miss McNiffe and Mr. James McNeill, and also at the concert in St. Andrew's Presbyterian church. An attractive vocal and instrumental programme has been arranged for the St. Andrew's church concert, among the numbers being solos by Miss McNiffe and Mr. James McNeill, and also at the concert in St. Andrew's Presbyterian church.

To-morrow evening it is "The Geisha" at the Victoria theatre, and the house is sure to be crowded. The seats are already selling well, and the boxes will be auctioned by Mr. George Byrnes, the reading room of the Drift at 11 this morning.

Now comes the baseball enthusiasts of the city, who have arranged a match to be played at the Caledonian grounds at 3 o'clock on Friday afternoon, the gross receipts of which will be added to the relief fund, the ground having been placed at their disposal by the St. Andrew's and Caledonia Society. The teams to take part are the Maple Leaves and the fire department team. A good fast game is anticipated.

The Lieutenant-Governor has very kindly consented to preside over the concert to be rendered at South Park school on Friday evening next for the benefit of the New Westminster relief fund. The programme is of the very best, among those volunteering their help being Miss Lillian Armon, Misses Gill, English, Dulle, Christie, Jameson, Mr. William Greig, Mr. B. Russell, Mr. Nash, Mr. Frank Finch-Smith and members of the Arion club. The printing has been freely given by Messrs. Greenwood, Smith & Randolph. The children are selling tickets eagerly and with much success, and a good audience is assured.

On Monday evening a grand benefit concert will be given at the Victoria theatre, under the patronage of His Honor the Lieutenant-Governor, His Lordship Bishop Christie and His Worship the Mayor. The concert will be one of exceptional merit. Besides an orchestra of between 30 and 40 and a string quartette will be heard for the first time in Victoria; Mr. Frank Finch-Smith will contribute a recitation; Mr. Ender Albeuise Noveltien and Chopin's Etude; Miss Sophie McNiffe will sing the O Salutaris, specially written for her by Mr. F. Victor Austin; Mrs. Green of Nanaimo, who made a decided hit at the last Philharmonic concert, has also consented to sing.

At last evening's band promenade concert in the drill hall, given by the Fifth regiment band in aid of the Westminster relief fund, \$103.50 was collected. There was rather a slim attendance, but this was explained in a way by the popular priced concerts the band is accustomed to give. The band was assisted by Mr. Herbert Kent, Mrs. Trounce, Messrs. Ross, Monro, Voorhees and Davis, and the Regina Mandolin and Guitarr club. Every number on the programme was enjoyed.

OPENING UP AGAIN.

Westminster Business Men Setting Up in Temporary Quarters.

The Bank of Montreal has opened up in Dr. Pagan's marble works, and is doing all it possibly can to assist the citizens with advances. Any one of the bank's old customers can go there and get an advance on good terms. The bank is doing all it can to get the merchants on their feet again. The Bank of British Columbia has re-opened temporarily in

the Harvey building, on Columbia street, above the Queen's hotel. The following list shows the business places that are being built up: Collier, Central hotel, Columbia street, new building. Benson & Ayling, fruit, fish and groceries, new building. D. S. Curtis, druggist, in old Queen's hotel. T. A. Muir & Co., druggists, Queen's hotel block. Bank of Montreal, in Dr. Fagan's house, lately occupied by Hamilton, stonemason. Messrs. Morrison & Dockrill, in Bank of Montreal building.

Bank of British Columbia, Lowenberg, Harris & Co., and L. McNeill, in building opposite Roman Catholic church, on Columbia street.

The city market clerk has secured the New Westminster foundry building, on Front street, and will be prepared for business at once. Mr. C. McDonough, grocer, will open in Y. M. I. hall, Columbia street. R. F. Anderson & Co., hardware merchants, will build at once on the custom house lot, next the Masonic and Odd Fellows' block.

E. S. DeGray, barber, and J. G. Gamman, tobacconist, are building opposite the provincial government grounds, between McKenna and Cameron streets. Eccleston, grocer, will open up on the corner of Agnes and McKenna streets. A. Godfrey, hardware merchant, will open up on provincial government's ground.

The temporary headquarters of the mayor and city officials is the mayor's drill shed, which is being used as the store-rooms of the Public Relief committee, in charge of Lieut. Henderson and staff. The postoffice is in the house of the postmaster, Mr. J. C. Brown.

The Canadian Pacific railway station and the telephone office are the same. The telephone company's central office is in room 5, Burr block. The following will be the position of the new business quarter on the east side, with fronts on Seventh street: Walker's barbering tent, Gifford's jewelry store, Mason & Lamb's tailor shop, the tinware and stoves, Charles Welch's Jubilee grocery, Sinclair & Co.'s boot and shoe store, F. Jackson's printing office, H. L. De Beck's clothing store and McKenna's tailor shop. On the south side, fronting on Carnarvon street, will be the following establishments: the grocery store of T. S. Annandale and George Adams, the boot and shoe store of J. D. McGregor, Walter Chamberlain's jewelry store, Harry Hughes' restaurant, Sam Swan's Burnaby bakery, the grocery tents of Parnell & Gunn, Allen & Sullivan's tailor shop, with more to be added as soon as plans can be completed. Other merchants are erecting temporary buildings on the ashes of the old, and others besides are utilizing blocks. Walter H. Brown, of the Westminster tea store, is very ill in the hospital, but Miss Maude Ratcliffe, his chief assistant, is putting up a tent on the corner of Third and Columbia streets, to carry on the business under canvas. Benson & Ayling, fruiterers, are going on again in temporary premises. F. Craik, jeweller, is putting up a small office on the old site. Chief Justice McColl lost his valuable private law library, which was the care of Mr. G. B. Corbould, former partner, who lost all his office effects.

The provincial government will remove all its books, etc., to the provincial jail, where it will have temporary offices. The Dominion government vault was opened yesterday, and it was found that about 90 per cent. of the contents were safe. In the land registry office about 65 per cent. was saved. The New Westminster market will be held as usual on Friday. Market Clerk Lewis notifies that he has secured temporary premises. Mr. J. Johnson, the printer, will start up in the city hall square this morning. Ex-Mayor Shiles' family, who have lost their home and most of their effects, are staying at the homes of B. Douglas and Capt. Insley.—News-Advertiser.

BORN. ROBERTSON—At Belcher avenue, on the 13th inst. the wife of S. Stuart Robertson, of Claxton, Skeena River, of a daughter.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

SHAW & DICKINSON.

Flour Feed, Hay and Grain Owners Steam Freighters Bonanza 93 JOHNSON ST

WHY PAY HIGH PRICES? NOTE OUR CLAIM THAT THE EMPIRE TYPEWRITER

Is equal to any in every way and superior in all many features, and we GUARANTEE IT. See testimonials. Machines sent on approval.

The WILLIAMS MFG. CO., Ltd. MONTREAL, P.Q.

For Sale by THOMSON STATIONERY CO. Vancouver B.C.

IN AID OF THE New Westminster Relief Fund A.O.F. EXCURSION TO NEW WESTMINSTER

The steamer Islander will leave the C. P. N. Co.'s wharf at 1:30 a.m. on Saturday and Sunday, returning Sunday.

Round trip, \$1.50. Children under 12 years, \$1.00.

Tickets may be obtained from the C. P. N. Co.'s various stores and members of the committee.

TENDERS

TENDERS are invited for the erection of a cottage on Esquimalt road. Plans and specifications may be seen at Esquimalt Hotel. Lowest tender not necessarily accepted. Tenders to be in on or before September 21st.

Paint? Paint?? Paint???

That is the question.

Whether it is better in the end to suffer the sorrows and disappointments that poor paint will bring, or at the start provide the best that can be bought and end it there.

There is but one best, and that is THE SHERWIN-WILLIAMS PAINT.

With Paint you will need Brushes and perhaps Varnishes. These and all Painters' Supplies are to be found at

PETER McQUADE AND SONS

78 Wharf Street.

GRAND CONCERT AND ORGAN RECITAL.

St. Andrew's Presbyterian Church WEDNESDAY, 8 O'CLOCK.

A free-will offering will be taken for the relief of the New Westminster sufferers.

Assisting Artists: Miss S. McNiffe, Mr. J. H. Day, Mr. E. Powell, Mr. B. Bantly, Mr. G. J. Burnett.

GRAND Benefit Concert

Under the patronage of His Honor Lieut. Governor McInnes, His Lordship Bishop Christie and His Worship the Mayor.

In Aid of the NEW WESTMINSTER SUFFERERS

Under the direction of F. Victor Austin in the Victoria Theatre on Monday, Sept. 19 At 8:30 p.m.

Tickets, 50 cents. To be obtained at all music and book stores.

VICTORIA THEATRE.

Thursday, Sept. 15th.

"THE GEISHA"

WITH COMPLETE CAST.

For the relief of the New Westminster Sufferers.

Sale of seats opens Tuesday morning 9 a.m., Victoria Book & Stationery Store.

AUCTION.

Boxes for the performance will be auctioned off at 11 a.m. Wednesday morning in the reading-room, Driford Hotel.

LODGES AND SOCIETIES.

SONS OF ENGLAND—Alexandra Lodge, A.O.U.W. Hall, 2nd and 4th Thursday, J. G. Taylor, Secretary.

SONS OF ST. GEORGE—2nd and 4th Monday in A.O.U.W. Hall, Englishmen welcome.

O.O.P.F. Dauntless Lodge, 2nd and 4th Thursday at Foresters' Hall, H. Fitch, Secretary.

W.O.W. meets 1st and 3rd Fridays in A.O. U. Hall, W. Jackson, clerk.

A. O. F.—Court Vancouver meets first and third Mondays at Foresters' Hall, Government street. Tel. 97. Wilson, Secretary.

MISCELLANEOUS.

BALMORAL BAR will re-open this evening, and will have choice brands of Liquors and Cigars. A Kendall, late of Gorman and Bank Exchange, will be pleased to see his friends.

NOTICE—I will not be responsible for any debts contracted by A. L. Stewart without my written order. James Bennett.

LOST OR FOUND.

LOST—Gold bow knot brooch; initials N. J. Return this office.

FOUND—A brooch on Macaulay Point. Owner can have same by applying to Guar. J. H. Buxton, R.M.A. Barracks.

STRAYED from C. J. V. Spratt's house, Gorge road, a large mastiff, about one year old. Reward to finder on returning him to above address or to Spratt & Macaulay, 104 Government street.

LOST—A pair of eyeglasses, a fine gold chain attached. Finder will please leave at this office.

LOST—A hem-stitched linen handkerchief, trimmed with lace, between the Victoria theatre and corner of Yates and Douglas streets. The finder will confer a favor by leaving the same at the Colonist office.

FURNISHED BEDROOMS to let (without board) in private house near post-office; terms moderate. Address R. C. office of this paper.

SCAVENGERS.

ED LINES, General Scavenger, 230 Yates street, Yards, etc., cleaned. Orders left at Jas. Townsley, 80 Government street. Schroeder Bros., Cor. Douglas and Fort; or Blair and Gordon, corner Menzies and Michigan, will be promptly attended to.

WANTED.

WANTED—Youth at store, 78 Yates street.

WANTED—At Spencer's Arcade, experienced shoe salesman; also saleswoman and apprentices.

U. S. PACIFIC CABLE.

From San Francisco to Hawaii and Japan
—The Views of Mr. James A. Serrysmer.

Vancouver News-Advertiser.

Among the passengers of the Empress of China who sailed for the Orient on Monday afternoon was Mr. James A. Serrysmer, the president of the Central and South American Telegraph Company, and the head of the Pacific Cable Company, on the proposed cable from California to Hawaii, Japan, and Australia. About an hour before the boat sailed, a News-Advertiser reporter met him at the Hotel Vancouver and was accorded an interesting interview. Mr. Serrysmer first of all spoke of the attempts that had been made to get a subsidy from congress for a Pacific cable. In 1870 the senate committee on foreign relations reported favorably on granting a subsidy of \$500,000 in gold per annum for twenty years for the establishment of a Pacific cable to China and Japan. Gold at that time commanded a premium of 50 per cent. In 1880 Judge Allen, of Honolulu, obtained from Hawaii an exclusive right to lay a cable to the islands with Japan and the United States, and the enterprise was actively urged by Cyrus F. Field, among others. In the United States an effort was made to render this concession effective by a house bill authorizing a contract for twenty years, during which the government was to pay annually \$250,000, and to receive in return the free transmission of all official messages for that period. This bill failed in the senate.

Other bills also failed, but now "at last," said Mr. Serrysmer, "the United States government has entered into a contract of \$100,000 a year for 20 years, in return for which we are to transmit all government messages over the cable we lay, free of charge for the first five years, and then at the rate of a subsidy. Practically it is paying for services which the government could not have obtained from itself on anything like as favorable terms. Mr. Serrysmer does not consider the subsidy or contract money, enough. He says the government, by granting \$100,000 a year, would get an exceedingly valuable service for very little cost and at no risk. He went on:

"It is generally not understood what the risks involved in cable-laying and maintaining are. How many persons know that our Atlantic cable has been abandoned on account of old age, and that each of them cost \$4,000,000? Nor had they been in operation for more than a few years. The period is supposed to be the life of a cable. Some, however, last much longer. The cable out of San Francisco, for instance, which during the Spanish-American war was cut so many times, and which apparently has more lives than a cat—the last strand having been cut by a cutter named the 'Albatross'—without in any way interfering with the working of it—was laid by me in 1880. It," continued Mr. Serrysmer, "dressing for a moment, 'recent history' could be told about the cable in West Indian waters. It would be astounding. The United States was totally unprepared for cable operations when the war broke out. I gave the government full information concerning all the cable lines in West Indian waters, but apparently very little was done. To cut a cable effectively is an art which seems to have been totally unknown to our cable-cutting cutters. To cut a deep sea cable, its exact location and that of its branches must be known. Our cutting appears to have always been on the wrong end. We have never been able to cut a cable perfectly. It is perfectly true that wherever we could pick it up, that is a great mistake.

"To return to the risk of maintaining a cable. The cable across the Atlantic of one of the companies was interrupted for over a year, and finally recovered and repaired at a cost of \$500,000, notwithstanding that the point of injury was no more than 700 miles off the Coast of Newfoundland. Now, naturally, the repair of a cable in the Pacific would be apt to be vastly more difficult and expensive, on account of its great length, and the expense of operations. From all such risks the government will be freed by its contract with our company. Yet there are those who advocate the cable being constructed by the government.

"They ought to have a few more facts. The proposed cable, going to the cost of \$12,000,000, and would probably cost the government more. A cable of the magnitude of this one—a total of 12,450 miles of cable—being laid, would cost \$150,000 a year each, for maintenance and operation. The company would feel compelled to set aside at least \$500,000 a year for repairs and maintenance, and the maintenance and operation of such a cable would not cost less than \$200,000. When they have to keep open communication with the Philippines and Japan, and the maintenance of a cable at a reasonable contract price would be most economical and would save the United States government a big sum annually."

"Supposing, Mr. Serrysmer, the United States government subsidizes the cable, would you liberally enough to go to Hawaii, will you leave the scheme?"

"No, certainly not, we will leave Hawaii out if we do not get a subsidy from the government. The depth of the ocean is not known to Hawaii. Our venture will be a leap in the dark."

"You are going to Japan to endeavor to obtain a subsidy from the government, I suppose?"

"I do not know whether they will give us it or not, at any rate I will ask for it. It is estimated that the Japanese sent from 1,000,000 to 1,500,000 words over the present cable, and at a rate of 12 cents a word. We propose to make the charge per word from San Francisco to Yokohama \$1 a word, or a saving of \$1 per word, which means that the Japanese will save themselves \$1,000,000 to \$1,500,000 per annum. If Japan does not want this communication, or if it does not care to give us reasonable inducement to come there, we will have to give the country the go-by."

"If Japan and the United States both failed you I suppose you would drop the scheme?"

"I do not think the matter would be dropped. I am very sanguine that with reasonable inducement the cable will be laid within 18 months."

SHORT DESPATCHES.

Queen Victoria and the Prince and Princess of Wales telegraphed condolences to Emperor Francis Joseph on the death of the Queen. The Queen received last evening with feelings of the utmost consternation the startling news of the terrible death of the Queen. The Emperor's loss of Her Imperial Majesty, with whom she had been on terms of friendship for many years.

Lord Brassey, the British naval authority, has arrived at New York on his way to New South Wales, of which he is the governor.

The Queen has restored to his rank in the British army Colonel Frank Rhodes, who was dismissed from the army for participating in the armed raid into the Transvaal, led by Dr. Jameson, in December, 1895. Colonel Rhodes was wounded in the battle of Omdurman while acting as war correspondent of the London Times.

Eruptions from Mount Vesuvius are reported accompanied by rumblings and explosions.

The town of Jerome, Arizona, has been almost wiped out by fire. Three lives were lost and immense property destroyed.

An unusual fall of snow is reported from Eastern Colorado, Northwestern Kansas and Southwestern Nebraska.

By the explosion of forty gallons of gasoline in the cellar of a grocery store at 1430 South street, Philadelphia, surely and possibly more lives were lost.

The building and those adjoining it on either side, collapsed.

To Schumann, a brewer from Philadelphia, jumped from the Grant Island wharf, Niagara Falls, yesterday and his body was swept over the American falls.

A correspondent of the Times at Canada, Island of Crete, who has just landed after spending five days in the roadstead, says: "About 600 men, women and children were here burned alive and massacred in an outbreak last week. The Turkish troops are now patrolling and blocking up the streets. Mussulmans are searching the ruins of the town for the bodies of the town where the devastation is complete."

E. B. Wisner, at Seattle from St. Michael, Alaska, brings confirmation of the loss of the steamer Jessie at the mouth of the Kuskokwim river in July, with 50 lives. The party on the Jessie were known as the Columbia Exploration Co.

Report has it that Mrs. Langtry is trying to sell her California ranch. It is supposed that she has spent quite \$100,000 on it. Representatives in Buffalo of west bound lines announced yesterday that they had secured the steamer to restore all trade from Buffalo to the Pacific Coast on September 25, the date agreed upon. This is the first official notification of the cessation of hostilities on the part of the transcontinental lines.

The Spanish chamber of deputies has adopted the Hispano-American protocol, which, when signed by the governments of Cuba and the Philippines, has issued a manifesto declaring his readiness to place forces in the hands of a neutral party in Spanish politics. He denounces the "evils existing in the present political system," and declares that "every department needs reform."

The Hong Kong correspondent of the London Daily Mail says: "A revolution in Central China seems unavoidable. A general rebellion in Hainan and the province of Kwang Si is being joined by thousands who are bitterly opposed to the Manchus who rule."

Three persons were killed and several badly injured at Wichita, Kansas, last night, when a passenger train was struck by a car on the Douglas avenue crossing. In the car were 13 persons.

Rear Admiral Noel, of the British naval forces in Crete, yesterday landed in an ultimatum to Edhem Pasha, the Turkish military governor of Crete, demanding that within forty-eight hours he should deliver the town and disarm the Mussulman troops.

PERSONAL.

A. S. Innes was a passenger last evening from Vancouver.

J. A. McGregor, mining inspector, is a guest at the Hotel Vancouver.

D. Scott has returned from a trip through the Kootenay country.

Dr. Gibbs and bride returned yesterday evening from a tour of the interior.

George L. Courtney returned on Monday from an extended tour of the provincial mainland.

S. M. Robins, superintendent of the New Vancouver Coal Company, Nanaimo, is at the Driford.

George L. Howe and wife, of Seattle, are here on a visit to Mrs. Howe's brother, Mr. Stephen Jones.

David and Mrs. Myers, of Seattle, are on a visit to the city. They are the guests of Mrs. J. Orr, 29 Frederick street.

Hon. J. Fred Hume left last night for Nelson where the bye-election for the provincial legislature takes place.

Mr. Abbott came over from Vancouver on the Empress yesterday to join Mrs. Abbott, who has been a guest at the Driford for several days.

Dr. Annie Layner, a lady physician who graduated from Queen's university, Kingston, Ontario, and who is now practicing in this province, left Victoria this morning for Westminster to offer her services free to the sick of Westminster. She takes a letter of introduction to Mayor Owens from the lieutenant-governor.

Judge A. B. Delaney, of Jumeau, who came to the Cottage City, is a guest at the Driford.

OPERATIONS ON 'CHANGE.

Dull Market in London with Interest Wholly Professional.

New York, Sept. 13.—The Evening Post's financial cable from London says: "The market here was dull today. The settlement showed an increased accumulation of bills, but it was entirely professional, the public not yet having caught on even in mining shares. Americans were dull all day and closed flat. St. Paul leading the decline. The market for gold was dull, and the increased account and contingencies were 2 1/2 and 3 per cent. Mines were firm the greater part of the day, but there was a sharp reaction at the close. The market for professional houses who find that the public is apparently not yet ready to buy. The market for the day was dull, and the market for the day was dull, and the market for the day was dull."

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The Colonist.

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AID FOR NEW WESTMINSTER.

Premier Semlin said yesterday that as yet no decision had been come to as to what the provincial government will contribute to the relief of the sufferers at New Westminster. Hon. Mr. Cotton is on the ground, but it has been impossible to gather from his brief telegrams how much aid will be called for or form an idea of what the government ought to do.

As private contributions have met the immediate necessities of the case, a few days' delay on the part of the government will not be material. We hope that Mr. Semlin and his colleagues will see their way clear to deal generously by the stricken city. If asked to suggest anything, we would say that perhaps employment for those who need it would be a very satisfactory way of helping the people, and as the government buildings will have to be at once restored, there will be an opportunity to do something in that line at once. This is such an emergency as will fully warrant an expenditure not contemplated by the estimates. A donation of money will probably also be advisable.

We think we can assure the ministers that anything they may feel able to do will receive public endorsement.

MR. WADE ON INGRATITUDE.

Mr. Wade, recently prosecuting attorney at Dawson, is a believer in reciprocity. The people of the Coast cities think he is a bad lot, and he returns the compliment. He also thinks we are an ungrateful lot. All during the past year he and his fellow officials have been lying awake nights to discover how to send business to the cities of British Columbia and simultaneously therewith, the papers of the aforesaid cities, even those that are ready to swallow everything done under the auspices of a Liberal government, have been insinuating that he has not been anything closely resembling a model Canadian official. This hurts Mr. Wade down to the very lowest recesses of his soul, and he has gone to Ottawa, or elsewhere, suffering that anguish of mind, which only a truly good man can know, who feels that his efforts for wicked and ungrateful people have been rewarded with a lack of appreciation. We are truly sorry for Mr. Wade. If he is as good a man as he says he is, he is the worst maligned man in the British Empire.

Many stories have come out of the Yukon during the past season, but a somewhat close familiarity with the whole of them has not led the Colonist, or anyone else that he has heard of, to suspect that so much goodness and public spirit were concealed about Mr. Wade's person. He may have expended himself in efforts to send business to our cities, but until he mentioned the matter, it had not occurred to anyone. Whether Mr. Wade allowed his left hand to know what his right hand was doing in this regard, we do not know, but he has managed to keep his good deeds from becoming open, public and notorious. So far as the public have had an opportunity of judging, the influence of the officials has not been conspicuously in favor of the trade of the British Columbia cities. Perhaps we may be doing this good man from Dawson a grievous injustice, but if so he must charge it up to his own modesty, which never permitted his activity in our behalf to be hitherto suspected.

But two wrongs never yet made a right. The Coast people may have been unjust to Mr. Wade, and they do not wish to add to that injustice by permitting him to remain any longer than is necessary under the cloud of suspicion, which innumerable reports from Dawson have thrown around his official career. To suffer so great and good a friend to languish under the suspicion of official misfeasance would be the height of cruelty, and, therefore, it is a very general demand that Mr. Wade should be investigated. The proper place for the investigation was at Dawson, and that is where it ought to be held now. Mr. Wade's reasons for coming out may satisfy himself, but they will not satisfy the public. He knew what was being said about him, and he ought to have remained at Dawson until Commissioner Ogilvie arrived, and have met his accusers face to face.

AGRICULTURE IN SCHOOLS.

This is a subject the discussion of which has almost become threadbare, and the teaching of which in schools in a primary way has had the least successful solution of all educational questions. One reason for this is that text books have been too dry, too theoretical, and not sufficiently practical in treatment to be of much use without the aid of a teacher who understood the subject himself; and another reason is that very few teachers have any practical knowledge of agriculture, and are thus totally unfitted to impart useful knowledge respecting it, or interpret, classify or in any way supplement the text of the school books on the subject. Agriculture, like bookkeeping, drawing, military drill, athletics, and many other exercises, mental and physical, which well-disposed persons and associations have, from time to time, advocated and

partially succeeded in introducing into school curricula, is a subject that heretofore never made any progress in establishing itself, because it is one requiring practical and expert knowledge to begin with in order that it may be intelligently taught to others. It is a science, but not an exact science, as is mathematics; that is to say, it is one dealing with a variety of conditions, as well as principles, which can only be ascertained and understood by experience. It is science applied—an industry. A text book can only teach us general principles and facts; it cannot teach us how to apply those principles to work on a farm, where a hundred and one conditions affect variously, from day to day, and modify the application of theory. Thus it is that practical farmers, as a rule, have a contempt for book knowledge, or "scientific" farming. Without experience, no one can make a successful farmer, no matter how much he may know about the "principles." Not, however, that scientific farming is useless or unimportant, because science has added tremendously to the possibilities of agriculture; but because the dogma of science, without the aid of ripe experience to direct it, more often than otherwise leads to mistakes, sometimes very costly. It does not follow, therefore, that a groundwork in scientific principles and theory, or, to express it better, the philosophy of farming is not very desirable. The man who possesses both science and experience is a better equipped farmer than the man who has only experience to guide him. To understand the "why," as well as the "how" to start with, gives him a more intelligent interest in his work, and is likely to lead to more accurate conclusions. He is more likely to become enterprising, as well as safe and practical.

To come back to our text, the want in regard to a text book has been that of the right kind of author—one who not only understands the subject theoretically and practically, but who can properly organize, classify and illustrate his data; and, in addition to that, can write clearly, simply and attractively; one who can supply the teacher with a method, as well as with matter; in other words, one who can teach the teacher how to teach. This combination, in Canada at least a rare one, has been a "long-felt want," but we believe the man and the moment have at last met.

A little book styled "Agriculture," has been published for use in schools by Mr. C. C. James, deputy minister of agriculture, Toronto, Ont., which seems to fill the bill very completely, and will in future render the teaching of agriculture in schools on a practical and useful basis a possibility. It is neatly and well printed, thoroughly and usefully illustrated, concise in form, clear and simple in treatment, and sells for the modest sum of 25 cents.

We do not propose to outline all it contains, or indicate the method of treatment throughout, but to describe it briefly as the simple philosophy of farming. It begins in the beginning with the fundamental processes of plant life, and traces its development up through the conditions and influences of its career throughout. The seed, the plant and the soil; the effect of moisture, dilage, drainage and air; the crops and their various kinds and varieties; the enemies they have to encounter; and so on, are all dealt with in natural order, leading up through field, orchard, garden and barnyard to the wider social and economic aspects of farm life. The whole subject is dealt with so as to blend theory and practical knowledge of familiar things of farming, so far as that is possible in a book, in a way that no intelligent pupil can fail to understand and be better off for having studied it, without at the same time treading on the farmer's toes by teaching how certain things should be done. It is a book indeed that any farmer could read with profit and without offence to his predilections. It is purely the plain "why" of farming, applicable to young and old.

Mr. James, who was formerly a professor in the Guelph Agricultural college, is naturally one of the best fitted of men to undertake such work, and he is to be congratulated upon the success of his undertaking. The book, which may be used in any high or public school in Ontario, by resolution of the trustees, should have similar endorsement in every province, and if so adopted will have a widespread and beneficial influence throughout Canada. George N. Morang, Toronto, is the publisher.

THE FRENCH ON THE NILE.

We are not inclined to lay much stress upon the reported presence of a French force on the upper Nile. An expedition may have located itself there, for rumors have been current for a year or more that one was heading in that direction, but it is not likely that any effort will be made to dispute Great Britain's advance towards the Equator, or to set up a claim of sovereignty over equatorial regions. The power of the Khedive in Egypt was at one time recognized very much further up the river than the French are said to have located themselves. This point is called Fashoda, and is about midway between Khartoum and the Albert Nyanza, the southern limit of the Khedive's territory. There is a question also if it is not within what has been regarded as the sphere of influence appurtenant to British East Africa. If the French are there, they will be in a sense trespassers, and it is more than doubtful if their government would sustain them in any attempt to occupy the country to the prejudice of Great Britain. Naked possession of a single station on the Nile is all that the expedition can claim if it can claim anything, and surrounded with British influence, controlling every avenue of approach, this would hardly be worth the

exchange of diplomatic notes. Fear has been expressed that a hot-headed commander might precipitate hostilities, but there is not much ground for apprehension on this score, for the fame of Kitchener's advance will have preceded it, and no civilized commander would think of risking a collision with it, with such limited forces at his command as the supposed officer at Fashoda must have. The most that he will be likely to do, if he is where he is said to be, will be to protest against being interfered with and then submit as gracefully as he knows how to the inevitable, leaving his government to settle the matter with that of Great Britain.

A CHANCE FOR A SQUABBLE.

For several years Argentine and Chile have been endeavoring to adjust the boundary between them, and despatches show that no result has been reached, but that there is every prospect of a very lively row over it. The old maps all represent Chile as having no territory east of the summit of the Andes, but that ambitious republic has lately claimed a portion of the low land, hitherto assigned by the map-makers to Argentina. This claim the latter power disputes and has recently declared its intention to oppose it at all odds. If war breaks out between the two countries, there is danger of its spreading. Peru has not forgotten how her pride was lowered by Chile some years ago, and her desire for revenge has not been abated with the passage of time. Indeed, there are other reasons why Peru would hardly be able to keep out of the quarrel. Her president is a very ambitious man and looks forward to a great Southern Confederacy, with him at the head, wherein shall be revived something of the glories of the ancient Spanish empire. When the boundary question first arose, there was talk of a union between Argentine, Bolivia and Peru to resist the aggression of Chile, which also cherishes aspiration for the leadership of South America. It was Chile that was first to object to the interpretation put upon the Monroe doctrine, by Olney, President Cleveland's secretary of state.

THE ANE AT WORK.

Mr. Tom Kains, for twelve years surveyor-general of the province, has been dismissed from office. Mr. Kains is a man of wide experience, and was admirably suited for the position from which he has been summarily ejected. He has served the province faithfully and well.

It is a matter of great regret that the spoils system is being introduced into provincial politics. Hitherto they have been kept out. Who is to be the next victim, is a matter of guess-work, but it is an unfortunate condition of things that hereafter, or until the house gets its hands upon the present administration, members of the public service will not know when they come to the office in the morning whether the day will pass without their receiving notice that their services are no longer required by the government.

It cannot be alleged that Mr. Kains was not fitted for the post which he occupied. It cannot be said that he has been guilty of any wrong-doing. He is simply sent out to make room for some one else.

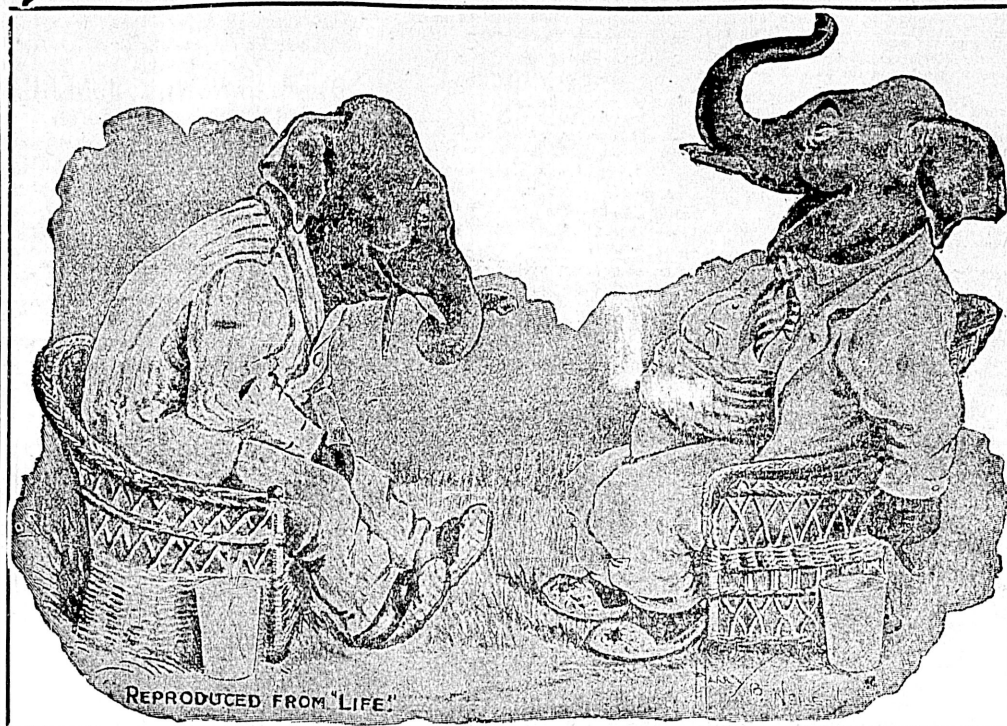
ANARCHISTS MUST GO.

The blow struck at the Empress of Austria by the assassin Lucchini may have a very different effect from what he intended. Whether the murder was a part of a plot for the assassination of monarchs, as is alleged, or merely the work of some half-crazed zealot, may remain undecided, but this is certain, namely that the teachings of the anarchists is responsible for it. It is therefore not surprising that the several European governments are said to be about to arrange for the extermination of anarchists. Anarchy has nothing to recommend it. Socialism has merits. Its great fault lies in its being impracticable. But for anarchy there is not the shadow of a justification, although we do not say that all anarchists are without excuse. Until we have felt personally the conditions under which some elements of Europe's population suffer, we will remain incapable of pronouncing a verdict upon the motives of all anarchists; but when this has been said, and when full effect has been given to everything that can be urged on behalf of some individuals, the organization itself and the doctrine which it espouses remain utterly without even a semblance of justification.

The object of such a crime as that of the murder of the Empress was not personal revenge, or the desire to right some personal wrong. Like the assassination of the Czar Alexander II., it was intended to terrify the royal houses, by showing that no member of them is safe. The Empress Elizabeth was a woman of the most kindly and lovable disposition, fond of out-door life and retaining in advanced age much of the beauty and sprightliness, which at one time made her the most attractive figure in all the courts of Europe. Personally she was popular in every part of Austro-Hungary, and so secure was she thought to be from the hand of any assassin, that rarely were even ordinary precautions taken to secure her safety. In every part of Europe she was well and favorably known, and of all Continental royalties, she would probably have been the last that any one would have supposed likely to be a victim of an anarchist's knife. The crime of her death was pointless in every way, even from the standpoint of the perpetrator.

An organization and a doctrine, which lead to such deeds, have already been allowed to exist too long. Cherish as we may the thought of personal freedom, we all must recognize that limits must be set to it, when its exercise leads to such results. Hitherto this disposition of the British government has been

SOME GOOD THINGS



Genuine Elephant White Lead

is a good thing because of its
1. Great Body.
2. Durability.
3. Density and covering power.

"ELEPHANT" BRAND READY MIXED PAINT

is another good thing for the inside and outside of cottages, it LEADS ALL OTHERS for beauty of tint, richness of lustre, durability. Made in 60 magnificent shades. Our

LIQUID IRONITE

For floors and oilcloths cannot be surpassed. Put up in seven beautiful shades.

The Canada Paint Co., Ltd.

Sole Manufacturers of the Celebrated "AMBERITE" Varnishes
Largest Paint, Color and Varnish Works in Canada.

Factories Montreal Toronto Victoria

not to inquire too closely into the schemes of certain foreigners who make London their headquarters. The British idea is to watch against open demonstrations of violence, but otherwise to permit of freedom of action, no matter how deadly may be the object of known organizations. This practice is based on the theory that explosives are less dangerous when they are given plenty of freedom of action than when an attempt is made to confine them. If it is made to appear, as seems probable, that the hospitality and liberty of Great Britain are being abused, public opinion will sustain the government in taking a strong hand with the Continental powers in suppressing secret political organizations.

Vast amounts of capital will now find their way into Africa. But that does not mean that vast sums of money will be sent there. British capital will develop the equatorial regions of the Dark Continent, but it will be spent for the most part in Great Britain in the purchase of goods. That is why the opening of new countries does not appreciably reduce the amount of money available in the London money market for enterprises of all descriptions. The money does not go out of the country, or rather, only a small portion of it does so.

The editor of the Province doubtless thinks that at least one of the New Westminster people accepted his invitation to come to Vancouver a little prematurely. The Times wants people to blush over the statement in the Colonist that the Yukon scandals should be investigated, if for no other reason than that rumors on the Yukon connect ministers with them. There is nothing in this statement to cause any one to change color. It is an excellent reason why the ministers should want them investigated.

The Times endeavors to cast discredit upon the brief interview with Mr. Wade printed in yesterday's Colonist. This is like its denial of the interview with the Lieutenant-Governor.

Current Comment

THE SOUND OF GOING.

The election of the Conservative candidate in the first district of Queen's, Prince Edward Island, is an event of some significance politically. Not only is Mr. Campbell, the member-elect, a strong debater, but the constituency that recently represented by Mr. Warburton, who resigned the premiership to accept a judgeship. It is also a part of the constituency represented by Sir L. H. Davies in the Dominion parliament. The Liberal majority only a little over a year ago was 34; now the Conservative majority is 75.—Moncton Times.

MR. MULOOCK'S ECONOMIES.

The Liberal journals are again boasting of the great things that "I. William Muloock" has accomplished in the post-office department by way of reducing the expenditure. This makes it necessary to repeat again that the reduction in deficit is due chiefly to the sale of fake jubilee stamps, thousands of dollars' worth of which were stored away by curiosity seekers. Some of these stamps are now coming to light, and "I. William Muloock" in danger of losing some of his revenue, has issued an order that stamps shall not be redeemed—a species of repudiation. Any economies effected have been by grinding down contractors on small routes; the big items of expense remain untouched.—Moncton Times.

THE PROHIBITION MINISTER. The Fredericton Herald, which has been finding fault with Conservatives who are not actively engaged in the prohibition cause, says that Mr. Fisher, the Liberal prohibition leader, is "doing practical work for Canada," and "can be very well spared from the prohibition campaign."

paign." Mr. Fisher's ingenuity in fixing the date of the plebiscite vote to correspond with the date of his exertions abroad, does not attract the Herald's attention. It may be presumed that when Mr. Fisher boasted to the women's delegation at Ottawa of the great work he was going to do, he did not expect to be engaged in "practical work for Canada."

Since the Herald is so much concerned about the silence of others on the subject of prohibition, what has it to say on the subject for itself?—St. John Sun.

THE METHODIST MILLION.

The efforts of the Methodist church in Canada to raise a million dollars for the organization work to commemorate the close of the century, is both ambitious and interesting. It has been said of the Methodists of the United States that they were the poor of the churches, and became the rich. To a large extent the remark is true of the Methodists in Canada, though they, like their United States brethren, would be quick to deny that they constituted a rich man's church, or had no longer the poor amongst them. Yet a million dollars is a large sum, even for a prosperous people to contribute, in addition to the many charges that fall upon church supporters in this country. If the task is accomplished, it will not only be creditable to the denomination, but may have an influence in provoking others to like good works.—Montreal Gazette.

SIR WILFRID'S PROMISES.

Ald. Masson is a Liberal; no one ever thought of questioning his allegiance to that party. But he is as loyal to the city in which he resides as he is in his political allegiance. Uncompromising is he in his attitude on the question of a government grant. "The government, through its leader," said he, "has committed itself on this point. I was present myself at the great Liberal convention in 1895, when Laurier made his celebrated Washington-of-the-North declaration. There were 7,000 of the stalwarts at Ottawa present on that occasion, and when Laurier held out such an alluring picture of what the capital would some day be under the fostering care of the federal government, the vast audience made the rafters fairly ring. In common with the rest of those present I expected Sir Wilfrid to do something to implement that promise. I think he was sincere in what he said, and I have no doubt that the government will do something at the next session. The two Liberal members for this city were elected mainly on account of Sir Wilfrid's declaration in reference to monetary assistance, and if he fails to do as he promised, we will knock them higher than a kite when they present themselves for reelection."—Ottawa Citizen.

TO SKIN VICTORIA.

The question of the subdivision of the Yale-Kootenay-Cariboo constituency is receiving attention, not only at the hands of a section of the provincial press, but as well the present representative in parliament, Mr. Hewitt Bostock. That he should take the lead in the matter was suggested by ourselves only a short time ago, and that he seems to be doing so is certainly gratifying. That the constituency as at present constituted is altogether too unwieldy none will gainsay, and that it is impossible for one member to keep closely in touch with the varying interests of the large and ever-increasing population found within its confines, none can realize perhaps better than Mr. Bostock himself. Just where to draw the dividing line, and how to secure representation are matters of great moment, and although the former may be more or less readily adjusted, the latter will not be so easily attained, especially as before the next census is taken no increase in the number of members allowed to the province can be looked for, and perhaps even then will not be allowed. The question, therefore, for consideration at present is not one of securing extra representation to the province by the creation of another constituency, but rather one of a readjustment of the present representation, the solution of which would mean the depriving of Victoria of one of its members and the assignment of the same to the new constituency which sooner or later, and the sooner the better, will be created by a subdivision of the present one.—Midway Advance.

Uncle Reuben—Shus don't talk so much 'bout politics as he used to. A couple of years ago he was the best-posted feller on national finances I ever saw. Uncle Joshua—He was; but since then he's raised some rattlin' good crops.—Judge.

Bank of British Columbia

(Incorporated by Royal Charter, 1862.)

CAPITAL (with power to increase).....	\$600,000	\$2,020,000
RESERVE	\$100,000	\$ 480,000

HEAD OFFICE, 60 LOMBARD STREET, LONDON, ENGLAND.

BRANCHES:

IN BRITISH COLUMBIA:
Victoria, Vancouver, New Westminster,
Nanaimo, Kamloops, Nelson, Sandon.IN THE UNITED STATES:
San Francisco and Portland.

Agents and Correspondents:—In Canada—Canadian Bank of Commerce, Merchants' Bank of Canada, The Montreal Bank, Imperial Bank of Canada, Bank of Nova Scotia and Union Bank of Canada. In United States—Canadian Bank of Commerce (Agency) New York; Bank of Nova Scotia, Chicago. In Australia and New Zealand—Bank of Australasia. In Honolulu—Bishop & Co.

CANADIAN - YUKON GOLD FIELDS

Drafts, Letters of Credit, Etc., issued direct on Dawson City.

Savings Bank Department

Deposits received from \$1 upwards, and interest allowed thereon.
Gold dust purchased and every description of Banking Business transacted.
Victoria, B. C., November, 1896. GEO. GILLESPIE, Manager.

McCandless Bros.

SUCCESSORS TO GILMORE & McCANDLESS.

HAVING taken over the above business our sale is discontinued except in lines that we wish to clear.

We have not had time to go through our stock yet, but will do so in a few days, when all old stock will be picked out, and if not sold by private sale in the usual way we will auction it off.

Particulars in a few days.

○○○○○○○○

McCANDLESS BROS.

OAK HALL - - 37 JOHNSON STREET

500 Celebrated

PETERBOROUGH CANOES

Just Arrived.

OGILVIE'S MODELS.
Reasonable Prices.Weight 90 lbs.
CARRY ONE TON.

POINTS OF MERIT:

Lightness. * Large carrying capacity. * Durability and strength.

Cumbersome green lumber boats are expensive, heavy, and can only be used going down stream, being worthless for prospecting purposes up shallow creeks, owing to swift currents. Avoid blockade at Lakes Linderman and Bennett. Scarcity of boat lumber will make it impossible to supply one-fourth the demand. Correspondence solicited.

THE NORTH-WEST TRADING CO., OF CANADA.

FRANK WEIR & CO., Gen. Agents, Vancouver, B.C.

Ogilvie's waterproof canvas canoe covers. P. O. 111

PABST BOHEMIAN

From Milwaukee. The finest Bee the world ever produced, on draught at the

Bank Exchange,
The coolest, cleanest, and cheapest
Restaurant in the city. Never closes

MR. HARRY M. FIELD

Of Leipzig, Germany

PIANO VIRTUOSO

Is prepared to receive Canadian and American pupils. 25 Grassi Strasse, or Prof. Martin Krause, 26 Brandenburger Strasse.

Boys' Suits

Just Opened.



About Fifty of Those
Half Price Suits Still
Left.....



B. WILLIAMS & CO.,

Clothiers
Hatters
Outfitters
97
Johnson
Street

FIRE INSURANCE

HEISTERMAN & CO.,
75 Govt St.

THE LOCAL NEWS.

Fruit jars at Cheapside.
Majestic Ranges at Cheapside.
Carpenter Tools at Cheapside.
Lunches at Lawrence's Cafe at 25c.
Use Blue Ribbon Extract of Vanilla.
Lawrence makes the finest candles in the city.
Bass' XXXX on draught at the Occidental.
Hotel Victoria, Victoria, strictly first-class. Rates \$2 upwards.
McClary's Famous Stoves and Steel Ranges at Clarke & Pearson's.
The Badminton, Vancouver; management, John Creighton. Strictly first-class. Rates, \$2 upwards.
Removed—Dr. A. B. Verrinder, to the corner rooms. Five Sisters block, entrance No. 13, over C.P.R. office.
If you are in the city looking for goods to take North, visit Weiler Bros., on Port Street.
We draw your attention to our large ad. appearing in this issue. Weiler Bros.
Professor Chas. Gartner, B.A., vocal and instrumental music. Music studio, room 85, Five Sisters block.

TALLY HO! TALLY HO! to hunters—for game locations, apply Stevens' Hotel and Tourists' Retreat, Prospect Lake District.

OKELL & MORRIS'

PRESERVES and
MARMALADES
Are the Purest and Best

Wall Paper in the latest styles. Weiler Bros.

Plebsite Meeting.—A prohibition plebsite meeting was held last night in Colwood hall.

The School Board.—A meeting of the board of school trustees will be held this evening at 8, in the council chamber at the city hall.

For Regular Business.—Mayor Redfern has called a meeting of the board of aldermen for this evening, to take up the regular business deferred from Monday evening.

Meeting of the "Y's"—The "Y's" will hold their regular meeting Wednesday afternoon at 3 o'clock, at the residence of Mrs. McGregor, McClure street. All members are requested to be present.

Bad Boys.—Complaint has been made to the police that crowds of boys congregate in the vicinity of orchards on Rupert street, and besides ruining the fruit trees, endanger windows and eyes by throwing stones and using slingshots.

Off For Dawson.—Mr. J. A. Altkman, barrister, leaves on the steamer City of Topeka early this morning for Dawson City, there to practice his profession. He will go in company with Mr. James Macaulay, who arrived down last week and also leaves this morning to spend the winter in the interior.

Funeral of Thomas Strickland.—The funeral occurred yesterday of the late Thomas Strickland, the cortege leaving Hanna's undertaking parlors, where, as at Ross Bay cemetery services were conducted by Rev. W. H. Barreclough. The pall bearers were Messrs. Gleason Church, W. H. Johnson, Jos. Morrell, John Blomquist, George Rose and W. Curtis.

Bad Cellar Doors.—Complaints are made that the trap doors in the sidewalks before some of the business places are allowed to get into disrepair. One lately said yesterday that owing to a broken hinge, one of these doors gave way when she stepped upon it, and it was only by good fortune that she escaped being precipitated into the cellar beneath.

Were in the Fight.—At the Dominion hotel are two men, Sergt. M. D. Sullivan and P. W. Neilson, both of San Francisco, who were with Roosevelt's Rough Riders in the fight before Santiago de Cuba. They saw some pretty hard fighting, particularly in the big battles of July 1 and 2, but fortunately they escaped without wounds. They are on their way home, having come west over the C. P. R.

Changing Offices.—Mr. Hamilton Abbott leaves this morning for Portland to enter on his duties as agent for the C. P. R. in that city. Mr. Greer, who comes to Victoria from Portland, will arrive in a few days; in the interval Mr. Allan Cameron, D. F. A., takes charge of the Victoria office. Mr. George L. Courtney, late C. P. R. agent in this city, will enter the service of the E. & N. railway company to-morrow.

Tobacco Agency.—Mr. H. H. Wills, of Messrs. W. D. and H. O. Wills, of Bristol, Eng., has been in the city during the past few days looking after the interests of his firm. During Mr. Wills' stay he has placed the sole agency for the province of British Columbia of the tobacco and cigarette manufactured under their popular brands in the hands of Mr. E. A. Morris, the well-known Government store tobaccoist, who will keep stock of both duty paid and in bond to supply the whole province. Mr. Wills left on the Empress of China for the Orient yesterday.

Clearance sale of bicycles—Ideals, \$42.50; Rambo, \$52.50; OS Rantiers, \$57.50. Weiler Bros.

Babbling brooks, "Shady nooks." Guests in hammocks "reading books." In the orchard, Davis', Saanich Road.

We have hundreds of yards of Japanese Matting which we offer at a low figure, some of which is worth fifty per cent. more than we ask for same. Weiler Bros.

A rumor is current in Church of England circles that the Duke of Newcastle is about to find the means for establishment of a broadsheet, or a monthly paper, his Northamptonshire estate. His strong High Church tendencies are well known.

Faule Zola is expected to deliver a series of lectures in America shortly. The matter is not definitely arranged, some hesitancy having been due apparently to a question as to whether the venture would pay. Since the new developments in the Dreyfus case, however, will act as an advertisement, the chances of loss have been greatly reduced, and the coming of the great French novelist is regarded as almost a certainty.

The French papers are seldom more erudite and never more amusing in their denunciations than when dealing with contemporary British statesmen. M. Andre Maurel, in an article in Figaro, on the children's statesmen, gravely announces that "Disraeli was the father of Lord Salisbury, the existing prime minister of Queen Victoria. The writer, the London Chronicle adds, justly adds that the list, if continued, would be terrifying, and closes with the saying of Cauterubriand, 'Qu'est-ce donc

An eminent Egyptologist, addressing his associate—Have you deciphered that rare document we discovered on the pyramid? Associate—No, it will never be deciphered, but we know what it is—it is a doctor's prescription evidently dropped by a tourist.

SPORTSMEN.

We have the finest line of hunting knives of best Sheffield make. Try our "Climax" razor; each one guaranteed, and will be changed if not satisfactory, at Fox's, 75 Government street.



Your Prescription will
be prepared with.....

**PURE..
DRUGS**

By Practical Dispensers at the
Central Drug Store,
Dispensing Chemists
HALL & CO., Yates and Douglas.

SUBSCRIPTION LISTS.

Nearly Fifteen Hundred Dollars
Handed to the Colonist for
the Fire Sufferers.

People Coming Forward Willingly
to Give Their Aid to West-
minster's People.

Contributions continued to flow in at a lively rate yesterday for the Westminster relief fund and the Colonist subscription list, which stood at \$909.25 on Monday night, jumped to \$1,053 by 2 o'clock when a check for that amount was sent to the Mayor to forward to Westminster. By night the list had grown to \$1,416, which, with the other subscription lists and the various individual checks sent direct to Westminster, helped to make up a goodly sum. Among other contributions Senator Templeman sent \$100 and Lieut. Col. Gregory \$10 to the fund. The contributions to the Colonist list in addition to those acknowledged yesterday are as follows: Already acknowledged.....\$909.25
Dr. R. Ford Verrinder.....5.00
S. Duck.....10.00
Dr. J. J. Jones.....10.00
Shove & Anderson.....5.00
George Jeeves.....5.00
Mrs. I. J. McDonald.....5.00
J. McCalligan.....5.00
J. N. S. Williams.....5.00
Arthur Porter, 49 George Rd.....5.00
William Gill (Island Revenue).....5.00
W. W. Wally & Co.....2.50
Herbert Kent.....1.25
Mabel Agnes Cameron.....1.25
Wm. Frank Cameron.....1.00
Mrs. R. W. Lopez.....1.00
J. Fullerton.....5.00
Dean & Hiscok.....10.00
H. Robertson.....5.00
E. Baynes Reed.....5.00
Hodw. J. & Duff.....25.00
The Giant Powder Co., Coms.....50.00
Justin Gilbert.....5.00
N. Politer.....5.00
Dean & Hiscok & Luskton.....5.00
Robert Porter & Son.....20.00
Mrs. S. Sutton.....5.00
J. G. Elliott.....2.50
J. J. Jones.....5.00
Mrs. Ralph Higgins.....5.00
J. S. Helmecken.....10.00
Anonymous.....4.00
John Devereux.....10.00
Gomer Johns.....2.50
Victoria Phoenix Brewing Co.....50.00
Barber Ellis Co., Toronto, per J. R. B. Easton.....50.00
R. B. Richardson.....1.00
Harber Bros.....5.00
H. L. Salmon.....10.00
Spring Ridge school children.....1.75
Edison & Hartman.....20.00
J. C. Voss, Victoria Hotel.....10.00
Thos. Shotbolt.....20.00
Canon Beaman.....10.00
John Stewart.....5.00
P. S. Hussey.....5.00
Mrs. Ann T. Donald.....5.00
W. G. Stevenson.....1.00
Sympathizer.....1.00
W. A. Franklin, H. M. Customs.....5.00
E. Bird.....1.00
Total.....\$1,416.00

CITY HALL LIST.

Charles E. Redfern.....25.00
J. B. Lovell.....10.00
W. W. Northcott.....5.00
W. J. Dowler.....5.00
Charles Kent.....5.00
J. Creed.....1.00
Thos. Catterall.....1.00
E. C. Smith.....1.00
Total.....\$53.00

"A Friend" sent in a box of tea to the Colonist and this has been handed over to the citizens' relief committee.

The children of the Spring Ridge school sent in a contribution to the Colonist list yesterday with the following little note: "Enclosed please find \$1.75 from the Spring Ridge school children. They also send these clothes and provisions." In accordance with a motion passed at the Sunday evening meeting of St. Andrew's Presbyterian Church Christian Endeavor Society a collection will be taken up at the church prayer meeting to-morrow evening for the Westminster fire relief fund.

PROHIBITION AND TEMPERANCE.

Sir: In reply to Albion's letter in the Colonist, I do not admit that the use or misuse of explosives, or poisons, has any analogy to the use or misuse of wine and liquor. But assuming for argument's sake, that they are analogous, the law regulates the storage or sale of the former, and does not prohibit the manufacture, importation or use. It is not denied, that the abuse of the use of liquor is the cause of great evil.

Total abstinence can be held up as a counsel of perfection by the members of the Gospel; they can also recommend it as a duty. But I cannot approve of compelling people to become total abstainers by legislation.

The wrong decision respecting the two boys and their coats, for which Cyrus was punished by his superior, was a mistake of the real question: which was not, "which coat fitted each boy the best," but "who had the right to dispose of them." The prohibition of wine is not whether the use of alcoholic liquor is good or bad, or whether its abuse produces evil effects. I submit, Mr. Editor, that the question is, whether the total abstinence has a right to compel me by legislation to follow his example.

My reference to Anacholis was not for the purpose suggested by Albion. It is unnecessary to introduce into this city of Victoria a counsel of the Lacedaemonians. I merely follow the example of the epic poets, who found it expedient to select distinguished men of bygone times. Wherever Albion has referred to a temperance lecturer, prohibition is an extreme view of the liquor question. Does it not shock the common sense of Albion in supposing that an intelligent man like himself (I know him, could not take "a little drop" mingled with water to quench his thirst, without fear of drinking to excess?

ANGLO-SAXON.

PHILOSOPHY.

To recollect the poor is not to remember them.

To be morally insignificant is the price we pay for our sin.

Truth is not so fascinating as beauty, not even to the dying saint.

Men will endure to be murdered—if only it is transacted gently and politely.

There are certain matters, all feeling on which we lack thought, all feeling on which we lack thought.

Man has the triumphant moments, but is no great hero when the year has rolled round.

The laborer is the world's silent creditor, the lender his insolvent debtor.—Boston Transcript.

Men being naturally slaves, when a free man comes along he is either worshipped as a god or stoned as a devil.

Wit is of the mind, its daylight and blue sky—humor is of the heart, the rainbow of its smiles and tears.

ENTERED.

Sir. Islander from Vancouver.

Sir. City of Kingston from Port Townsend.

Sir. Farallon from Wrangell.

Sir. Cottage City from Wrangell.

Sir. Empress of China from Vancouver.

Sir. R. P. Rithet from Vancouver.

Sir. Garland from Port Angeles.

Sir. Larne from Struts.

Sir. Lapwing, Rock Harbor.

CLEARED

Sir. Islander from Vancouver.

Sir. City of Kingston from Port Townsend.

Sir. Cottage City from Port Townsend.

Sir. Farallon from Cottage City.

Sir. Garland from Port Angeles.

Sir. R. P. Rithet from Port Angeles.

BACK FROM THE COAST.

Steamer Willapa Returned Last
Evening—Developing West-
Coast Mines.

Cardiff Coal Fleet for San Fran-
cisco and Victoria Meet
With Accidents.

The steamer Willapa arrived from Ahousset and way ports at 7 o'clock last evening. She brought a very small consignment of freight and the following passengers: A. Kincaid, Mr. Pemberton and Dr. West. Very little news of any importance was brought down this trip. The mining industry is still going ahead, and although no new finds have been reported, a lot of work is being done all along the coast, especially at Clayquot and Hayes' camp, near Alberni. Both sides of Alberni canal are on fire, and the smoke makes it very difficult for navigation. At the Clayquot cannery very little has been done since the last trip of the Willapa. On Sunday night large schools of fish were seen in the bay, and the seine men were making ready for a big haul as the Willapa was leaving. The assay office at Alberni was burnt to the ground on the afternoon of September 7, the building and contents being a total loss. The Willapa had to spend some time in Alberni canal, being unable to cross the bar on account of low water. Rev. Mr. Swartout, in taking a line from the Willapa out to the piles in the middle of the river, met with an accident, his little steamer upsetting.

EXPERIENCE BAD WEATHER.

Vessels from Cardiff and Swansea for Pacific coast points with coal seem to be particularly unfortunate. Says a late San Francisco Call: "The Eaton Hall, for San Francisco, was compelled to put in to Rio de Janeiro on the 3rd, with the loss of her boats and her decks damaged. The Banffshire, for Victoria, was nearly lost. Her cargo caught fire, and she had to run into Montevideo and flood her hold before the fire was put out. The chances are that she will not reach this coast for some time, as surveyors have recommended the sale of the cargo. The Routenburg, for San Francisco, had to put into Rio de Janeiro with cargo shifted, and the Balmoral, also for San Francisco, was in collision with the British ship Glenorchy, from Swansea. The latter had to put back to Montevideo with the loss of her mainmast and other damages. At Montevideo the captain of the Glenorchy found the bark Piety Cross, from Swansea, damaged to the extent of \$10,000 in a storm."

TO REPLACE PRESENT LINERS.

Commencing with the steamship Yamaguchi Maru, due on October 7, the Japanese liners running between Seattle and the Orient will call at Victoria regularly on their inbound trips. They will also call here on their outbound voyages, whenever inducements offer. At present these vessels compete principally for the freight business, but before long it is stated that they will be replaced by the steamships now running between London and Japanese ports. These are a much superior type of steamers, and will rank next to the Empress line.

MARINE NOTES.

Steamer City of Topeka sailed for Alaskan ports early this morning. The large Georgia, which sank with a part load of brick on board at Spratt's wharf a week ago, is now undergoing repairs on the beach near Turpel's wharf. Having been detained by fog, the H. M. S. Empress of China did not arrive from the Terminal City until 11 o'clock, yesterday morning, when she docked and received upwards of 50 passengers and the Victoria mails. Twenty of those embarking were Chinese, and a number of the saloon passengers were missionaries bound from California to China. The China has a full cargo and a very large number of passengers.

DR. CHASE'S Catarrh Cure



Cures Catarrh, Hay Fever, Rose Fever and all Head Colds. Give one blow with the Blower and the Powder is diffused, making a Sure and Permanent Cure.

PRICE WITH BLOWER 25 CENTS

Collegiate School

41 Burdett Ave.

VICTORIA, B. C.

Patron and Visitor

THE LORD BISHOP OF COLUMBIA.

STAFF:

J. W. Laing, M.A. [Oxon.]

Head Master.

Rev. C. Ensor Sharp, M.A. [Cantab.]

Moderate terms for day scholars and boarders. Boys received from 8 years of age and upwards.

The Christmas term will commence on Monday, September 20, at 2:30 p. m.

Apply to Head Master.

CLEANING SANTIAGO.

Modern Sanitary Operations Making It
More Healthy—Americans Entering
into Business.

Santiago de Cuba, Sept. 12.—As a result of the general introduction by General Wood, military governor of Santiago de Cuba, of American methods of conducting municipal affairs, this ancient and always unhealthily city presents a healthy record today which is quite extraordinary considering the conditions that existed a month ago. Under the present system Santiago is divided into five divisions under five physicians, each division having inspectors of sewers, streets, houses and dispensaries, with a hundred street cleaners. Proofs of the benefits of the system are furnished by the decrease in sickness among the poor. The daily death rate of seventy a month ago has fallen to twenty. Sickness among the American soldiers is principally malarial, a mild form of yellow fever and dysentery.

Many Americans arriving here in search of business opportunities. They express themselves as being very much impressed with the commercial possibilities of the town.

Father—You've been calling on my daughter rather frequently of late. Are your intentions serious?

YOUTH—Yes, indeed. I'm trying to persuade her to buy the make of cycle I'm agent for.

Easy to Take Easy to Operate Hood's Pills

The only pills to take with Hood's Sarsaparilla.

PLEBISCITE CAMPAIGN.

Public meeting in A. O. U. W. Hall Wednesday, the 14th inst. at 8 p.m. Speakers: Ex-Alderman John MacMillan, Rev. Dr. Campbell and Rev. J. E. Coombes.

A collection will be taken in aid of the New Westminster sufferers.

—THE— B. C. COLD STORAGE & ICE WORKS.

Storage Department.

100,000 sq. feet of Storage.

Bonded. } Storage.
Ordinary. }
Cold. }

Negotiable Warehouse Receipt
Issued. Advances Made.

Cut prices on— BICYCLES TO CLEAR

Crescents, \$30, \$40, \$50
Cleavelands, \$50

Only a few left, so come quickly.

M. W. WAIT & CO.,

60 Government St.

NOLTE FOR CORRECT GLASSES COME TO + U.S. + FORT ST.

TALKING MACHINES.
EDISON PHONOGRAPHS.

GRAPHOPHONES in handsome carrying cases, aluminum, supraphone reproducer, horn and hearing tubes, \$15.00.

A delight to every member of the household. Come! Hear!

E. W. NOLTE, Agent,
37 Fort street.

For Sale by Tender.

160 ACRES.

Shawnigan District, being the East 1/2 of Sections 18 and 19 Range VI., the West 1/2 of Section 19 Range VII., and 10 acres of the West end of Section 18 Range VII. The above described property is for sale under the power contained in a mortgage registered in Charge Book vol. 11, fol. 897 No. 14601B. Tenders to be sent to the undersigned on or before 12 o'clock noon, the 14th day of September, A. D. 1898.

The lowest or any tender will not necessarily be accepted. Deeds at purchaser's expense. Titles may be inspected at my office.

E. M. JOHNSON,
Agent for the Mortgage, No. 6 Broughton St. Victoria

Post-office address. Box 188. Telephone No. 74.

Victoria Water Works

Notice is hereby given that from and after the first day of October next all water rates and rents will be due and payable at the City Hall on the last day of each month. It paid within 15 days of becoming due a discount will be allowed, except in the case of meter rates, which are net. If not so paid the water may be shut off without notice.

JAS. L. RAYMUR,
Water Commissioner.

City Hall, August 20, 1898.

Autumn KNOCKING AT THE DOOR

Don't be misled by the recent warm weather. The bush fires will remind you of the season, and so don't let the smoky air hide from you the fact that you must soon prepare for the dull, cool days of Fall and Winter. We anticipate your needs. We want to acquaint you with the new and unusual in

DRESS PATTERNS.

Some very high class Dress Robes (one only of a kind) in costume lengths. Not low-priced, but cheap, and each one a gem of fashion.

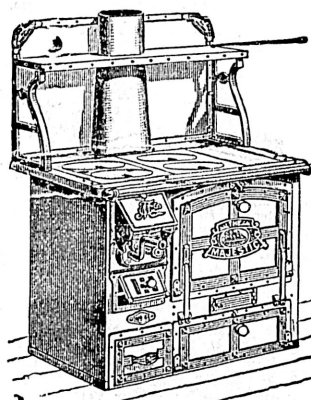
The Westside.

J. HUTCHESON & CO.

New Silver and Silver Plate

Good plate is a lasting possession which never wears out or looks poor. Inferior goods of this kind are better unthought. We handle only the best wares that are made, and have just opened some new patterns in tea services, entree dishes, cake baskets, &c.

C. E. Redfern, Established 1862 43 Govt St.



The Majestic Range

Do you know anybody who has one? If so, see it; hear its praises. Then come to Cheapside and buy one for yourself. It will bring peace to the home, comfort to the family, heal a bad case of home trouble, it will save you money. Where shall we come in? Why, we shall sell a dozen in your neighborhood.

Sole agents—
Geo. Powell & Co.
CHEAPSIDE,
127 Govt. St., Victoria, B.C.

FOR DAWSON

and other

Northern Points

Shippers, Traders, Storekeepers and others will find it to their interest to look over

WEILER BROS

Stock when purchasing for the northern trade, for 3 reasons at least.

I.—Because, the goods will be ready sellers (we have just the lines you need).

II.—Because, we have the largest stock for you to select from (an immense variety).

III.—Because, we will give the best possible value for your money, and take pride in the way we execute all orders entrusted to us.

WEILER BROS., 51 to 55 Fort Street.

USE @ K FLOUR

THE VERY BEST FAMILY FLOUR on the market. Hungarian—XXXX—Best Pastry—Strong Bakers.

MANUFACTURED BY OKANAGAN FLOUR MILL CO., LTD., ARMSTRONG, B. C.

TURNER, BEETON & CO.

AGENTS, VICTORIA, B. C.

We are the sole agents for the Pacific Coast for

FOUR GROWN

SAGASTA ON THE WAR

The Character of the Race the True Cause of the Disaster to Spain.

General Weyler Figures in Acrimonious Debate in the Senate at Madrid.

Madrid, Sept. 13.—In the senate to-day Count Almoneda, referring to his statement of yesterday, gave the names of the generals he recently said ought to have their sashes tied around their necks, instead of around their waists, and mentioned Weyler, Blanco and De Rivera, after which he also included Admiral Cervera in the category. He said Gen. Linares was also incompetent, and ought to be arraigned, whereupon Gen. Weyler and others loudly protested against these charges, and Gen. Weyler called upon Almoneda to name those generals accused of failing to do their duty, and he added that if the accusations were true and the culprits could not be legally punished, the generals would take matters in their own hands and inflict summary punishment. Great tumult ensued, the senators rising to their feet and shouting and threatening each other. The president of the senate vainly strove to restore order, and broke his belt in attempting to do so.

When the debate was resumed, Senor Gonzalez attacked the Premier. He said it had been worsted first by the insurgents and then by the Americans. The speaker asked what had become of the 200,000 men sent to Cuba. He blamed General Weyler and the late premier, Senor Canovas del Castillo, asserting that the latter was omnipotent while in power, and might have done what he pleased. The premier, Senor Sagasta, replying, said that neither Senor Canovas del Castillo nor himself had ruled long enough to change the character of the race, which was the true cause, he claimed, of the disaster to Spain.

Later the Premier remarked: "We are an anemic country. We were attacked when acting as honest men would. We defended ourselves. I have lost my prestige, but it is because I believe the path I am following is the best."

Gen. Weyler then made a speech of great violence, which provoked such an outburst that the Premier had to intervene, and called upon the General to explain his policy. Gen. Weyler replied that he had not threatened the government institutions, but only those who had attacked the army.

The minister for war, Gen. Correa, said the government alone was responsible. The Duke of Tetuan, the former minister for foreign affairs, defended Senor Canovas del Castillo, whereupon Senor Gonzalez made an attack upon the deceased premier, declaring the latter had foreseen the loss of Cuba, and had planned with Senor Sagasta to sign the surrender. The loss of Cuba, Senor Gonzalez continued, was a just punishment for those who failed to profit by the doctrine that the colonies should not be governed by oppression. The senate then adjourned.

The Republicans, Carlists and bolting Conservatives of the chamber of deputies have issued a manifesto, giving their reasons for opposing the government. Its publication has been prohibited.

Senor Sagasta, in an interview to-day, said no claims advanced by the United States after the peace protocol was signed or the Cortes of the Republic to elect peace commissioners, should be entertained. Advice received from the Philippines said the insurgents would release only a few of their prisoners. For instance, they will soon set free the Spanish civil employees who are on their hands.

Major-General Morritt, it is said here, goes to Paris, empowered to ask, in the name of the insurgents, an American protectorate over the whole Philippine islands.

READY FOR THE RACES.

Horses Come Over From Vancouver for the Coming Meet.

Fourteen thoroughbreds made the journey last night from Vancouver on the Islander and were taken straight to the track to put the final touches on their preparation for Friday and Saturday's races at the driving park. Every one made the trip without an accident, and as amongst them are such crackers as Gold Bug, Tanner, B. E. B., Acropolis, Scorch and Loy, carrying close and exciting battles should be the rule rather than the exception at the coming meeting. The horses of the coming season will play during the intervals, so that there will be something to amuse those spectators who, during the unavoidable intermission, do not care to inspect the competitors for the next race. An excellent car service is promised by the train company, and everything points to a successful meeting.

HERE AND THERE.

A most satisfactory meeting of the managing committee of the J. R. A. A. was held last evening, when fifteen new members were elected. The basket ball and what committee reported that they were making preparations for the winter season.

BASKET BALL.

Organized for the Season.

The Y. M. C. A. basketball club organized for the season last night. Officers were elected and arrangements made for getting down to work at once. It was arranged to have two teams to play. The "Wasps" organized at once, electing the following officers: J. R. U. Noot, captain; P. Marchant, secretary; and F. N. J. White, representative to league. The Swifts will be organized during the coming week.

THE WHEEL.

U. S. National Championships.

New Haven, Conn., Sept. 13.—The national race meet this afternoon, under the auspices of the New Haven cycling club, attracted the largest number of bicycling enthusiasts that has ever assembled at Elm City park at a bicycle meet. The principal events were:

One mile National championship professional, won by Major Taylor; Arthur Gardner, second; H. F. Turrel, San Francisco, third. Time 2:18 1/5.

Two mile handicap professional, won by H. B. Freeman, sixty seconds; Arthur Gardner, second; Frank Butler, Cambridge, third.

Superstition is so common in Paris that cards tastefully embellished and containing a list of "hours to be avoided" are extensively sold.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

The little child who is so often the cause of trouble to its mother, is the one who needs Castoria most.

It is the best medicine for infants and children, and is so gentle and so effective that it is the only medicine that can be given to a child with perfect safety.

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HOTEL ARRIVALS.

NEW ENGLAND.

W. H. Raden, San Francisco.
Dr. and Mrs. Gibbs, Vancouver.
P. S. Clarke, Vancouver.
Miss Dora, Vancouver.
Col. Sellers, London.

DOMINION.

W. Rogerson Bagot and wife, Liverpool, Eng.
Shafer, Cleveland, Ohio.
F. Wilgim, Vancouver.

Alex. Jess, Vancouver.
Mr. and Mrs. J. F. Fennons, San Jose, Cal.
James Little, San Francisco.
Miss Belle Johnson, San Francisco.

Mrs. Trom, New York.
J. A. Harris, Medina, Ohio.
T. P. Hennebery, Oakland, Cal.
Col. Lake, California.

D. Billes, Chicago.
Col. R. Evans, New York City.
Mrs. Zabriske, New York.
Mrs. Rogan, New York.

Wm. Brewster, Fresno, Cal.
J. Knastan and wife, Nualmo.
W. W. Shostest, San Francisco.
James Jackson, San Francisco.

Wm. McKenzie, City.
Wm. Todd, City.
R. Harkins, Vancouver.
Mrs. Sturge and wife, Sturgis, Mich.

Chas. Jackson, Port Townsend.
Andrew Malcolm, San Jose.
James Fair, Ontario.
N. Dunberry, Dawson.

T. N. Selberg, Dawson.
D. Benson, City.
J. C. Ollard, Tacoma.
Theo. W. Woodruff, Niagara Falls.

Wm. Hooper, Toronto.
P. W. Nelson, San Francisco.
Sergeant W. D. Millan, Santiago de Cuba.
W. H. Harris, Michigan.

W. H. Harris, Michigan.
M. Archibald, Halifax.
Chris. Hansen, Tacoma.
Wm. Fisher, New York.

A. Ruhl, New York.
David Redner, New York.
Miss C. Lang, San Francisco.
Miss A. Lang, San Francisco.

Wm. Wardlaw, San Francisco.
J. J. Wadley, Rampart City, Ala.
T. O'Brien, Rampart City, Ala.
Geo. C. Healy, Dawson.

H. H. Healy, Dawson.
P. T. Griggs, Dawson.
R. F. Roberts, Dawson.
F. Turner, Dawson.

R. H. McCadden, Buenos Ayres.
T. Barry, Dawson.
W. G. Patterson, Dawson.
J. Lord, Dawson.

J. B. Smith, Nualmo.
J. W. Smith, New York.
C. Smith, New York.
Miss A. Fitzgerald, San Francisco.

Miss Polly Giblin, San Francisco.
Mr. J. Giblin, San Francisco.
J. G. Totts, Glenora.
John P. Bishop, Glenora.

Arthur Lenstead, Dawson.
W. A. Gibson, Skagway.
Harry Irving, Glenora.
Owen Kully, Glenora.

J. L. Brim, Glasgow, Scotland.
Miss Emma Allen, Tacoma.
Miss Tillie Allen, Tacoma.
C. A. Gillet, Brandon, Man.

Mrs. N. B. Gillet, Brandon, Man.
H. Wenne, Portland, Ore.
Jno. M. Rogart, Ontario.
Geo. L. Howe and wife, Seattle.

W. S. Keene, Portland, Ore.
H. Davy, City.
H. Sampson, San Francisco.
Thos. Martin, Toronto.

H. S. Potts, Vancouver.
H. H. Wenne, Vancouver.
D. C. Spence, Buenos Ayres.
R. Lamb, Chicago.

N. C. Holmes, San Francisco.
Frank C. Holt, Brighton, Pa.
Oscar Fredrickson, Brighton, Pa.
C. J. Wapner, New York.

J. Howitz, New York.
Abc. J. Seizer, New York.

Impure blood is an enemy to health, and may lead to serious disease. Hood's Sarsaparilla conquers this enemy and averts danger.

PASSENGERS.

By steamer City of Kingston from the Sound:

W. P. Pritchard, J. Lewis.
F. C. Henckley, C. Richardson.
Mrs. Macaulay, E. Cook.
Mrs. Marshall, T. C. Taylor.

Mrs. Taylor, S. W. Ross.
Mrs. Rose, C. W. Watterman.
Miss Watterman, H. J. Ramsey.
C. H. Ginn, J. M. Rogart.

Mrs. C. A. Gillis, Mrs. Williams.
H. Whinn, Mrs. Patterson.
Jno. Patterson, G. E. Blackwood.
Mrs. E. Blackwood, Mrs. Mitchell.

G. L. Lord, Mrs. Andrew.
Mrs. L. Lord, Mrs. Meyer.
Mrs. Meyer, Mrs. Sparger.
Misses Allen, F. Moffatt.

Mrs. Jas. Park, A. Stigel.
J. G. Kere, Mrs. Haines.
Mrs. Rike, E. L. Ledger.
Ben. Saunders, Mrs. E. Parsons.

W. D. Noble, A. Rutherford.
H. C. Brannon, H. Douglas.
By steamer Islander from Vancouver:

A. T. James, Miss Willing.
Miss Surges, Miss Briggs.
Mrs. T. Briggs, J. Krause.

H. Gordon, R. E. Whitlaw.
A. G. McKenney, C. R. Russ.
J. Anderson, W. A. Lorimer.

M. Gutman, Mrs. White.
W. Campbell, A. Howell.
T. Elford, Miss Edwards.

T. T. Williams, W. H. Cowper.
A. W. Shields, T. J. Walsh.
C. H. Shaw, J. C. Conlin.

F. C. Clark, H. W. Clark.
S. G. Johnson, J. C. Butterfield.
Mrs. Edmondson, Mrs. Brooks.

Dr. G. Brooks, Mrs. G. Brooks.
W. W. Horne, Miss Love.
W. C. Morensby, Rev. J. L. Coombs.

Gardiner, Miss White.
A. Olden, A. L. Helyea.
Miss Whitman, C. H. Gibson.

H. J. Brady, Rev. R. B. Jones, Jr.
E. Young, Capt. Finch.
Mr. Holley, E. Dillingham.

J. V. Vick, J. C. Clark.
By steamer Kingston from the Sound:

Mulheed & Mann, D. Spencer.
H. Short, Weller Bros.
C. P. N. Co., A. S. S. S.

Turner Beeton & Co., J. Partridge.
Gilmore & McC., Rev. R. B. Jones.
C. Schoen, Speed Bros.

S. J. Pitts, Schroeder Bros.
Saunders & Co., J. G. Thompson.
H. Wilson, J. M. Holley.

W. R. Jackson, J. Krause.
J. Hill, C. E. Clark.
Hudson's Bay Co., Clark & Pearson.

C. Nevis, T. H. Co.
H. Clark, C. H. Hinton.
H. W. Russell, John Bros.

M. J. Thompson, By steamer Kingston from the Sound:

Moore & Co., P. McQuade & Son.

Henderson Bros., A. Melon.

W. J. Pitts, Chas. Chas.

H. Horsey, Okell & Morris.

Abdon Iron Works, W. T. Baker.

G. E. Moore, H. J. Brady.

Wilson Bros., E. Despinto.

Hudson's Bay Co., E. Despinto.

Erskine, Wall & Co., S. L. Ross.

F. J. & Co., D. H. Ross.

J. H. Todd & Son, D. K. Chingroves.

C. F. Funn, Co.

"I suppose you greatly enjoy having George at home again?"

"Yes, but he's very exacting about his diet."

"In what way?"

"He's got so accustomed to hospital fare that he insists upon having quinine, champagne and milk three times a day."—Cleveland Plain Dealer.

"Have you a soul for music?" she asked as she turned from the piano.

"For music, yes," he replied, and then he hastily changed the subject and neglected to ask her to sing again.

But she knew. You can't always fool a voice. She does thing she has a voice.—Chicago Post.

AGRICULTURE

Extracts from Reports by Prof. Robertson, Dominion Commissioner.

EGGS AND POULTRY.

The keeping of large numbers of poultry of suitable kinds should be a means for greatly increasing the revenue from Canadian farms. They form a class of live stock which has been too much neglected. Their keeping is included in the system of farming, so far as the live stock branch is concerned, which has been designated "small cultures." Though singly small in size, they can become in the aggregate producers of large revenues. They are not merely to be counted as gatherers up of fragments, utilizers of odd scraps, and gleaners of waste grain. They may also be a class of live stock to which grains and other products marketable in themselves, may be fed with a good profit on the transaction.

PRESERVATION OF BUTTER.

All that can be expected in the case of butter, is that Canadian cream butter will be put on the market will be put on the market in such a condition that by its excellent qualities it will command the highest price which is being paid at that time. The intrinsic quality of butter is changed by the processes of fermentation. The exclusion of air from the surface of the butter is not sufficient to preserve it. The germs which bring about changes and ultimate spoiling are in the butter, and become active whenever the temperature is favorable for their growth. In the making of butter, in many cases the butter-maker adds to the curd a fermentation starter for a somewhat similar purpose to that which the housewife adds yeast to the batter in making bread. By the addition of a suitable fermentation starter, as fine butter may now be made in January as in June. If one could introduce a fermentation stopper, he does a starter, the butter might be expected to remain entirely unspoiled. The stopping of fermentation may be accomplished by raising the temperature sufficiently high to destroy the ferments in the butter or other product. In the case of butter, that temperature (155 degrees Fahrenheit), would spoil the butter as a commercial commodity. On the other hand, if the temperature be reduced to freezing point, while the forms of life which carry on fermentation and bring about changes in the butter will not be destroyed, their activity will be prevented so long as the butter is held at that temperature. Consequently, if butter is to be kept for a period longer than one month, it should be put into a refrigerator at a temperature of about 20 degrees Fahrenheit; and that becomes an effective fermentation stopper. Butter is a substance difficult to cool or to heat quickly. If a full package of butter be put in a refrigerator, the temperature of from 35 to 34 degrees Fahrenheit, several days must elapse before it is cooled to the same temperature in the middle of the package; whereas if the package of butter be put into cold storage at a temperature of 20 degrees Fahrenheit, the whole of it within 24 hours will be cooled to a temperature of at least 30 or 34 degrees, at which the process of fermentation in the butter does not go on.

WINTER DAIRYING.

To make his business profitable the dairyman must carry it on during the whole year. Milk and its products have been as a rule dearer in winter than in summer. A large amount of capital is invested in cows, barns and cheese factory and creamery buildings. It is wasteful policy to permit so much capital to be unproductive during five or six months of the year. In fact, it has been not only unproductive but a source of expense. Considerable labor on farms during the winter is absorbed into the unremunerative chores of the farm buildings, unless animals are kept during a period of inactivity in value. Cows must be fed during the winter. If a direct revenue can be obtained, the work can be done with more enjoyment, more of it will be undertaken, and more profitable methods will be applied. Other branches of farm management, such as the raising of young stock, the fattening of swine, and the keeping of laying hens, will grow out of it. There are few more discouraging and joyless occupations than attending on cows all winter, without any revenue from the work.

There are hundreds of men who are employed as cheese-makers during the summer months and who unwillingly are comparatively idle during the winter months. If the enterprise and ability which they possess, can be applied to making butter during the winter months so much will be gained.

When dairymen obtain a satisfactory revenue from their cheese factories during the summer, and get hardly any income during the winter, they are naturally only very slow progress in bettering their circumstances. The patrons who send most milk to the cheese factories in summer might also send relatively the largest quantity in winter. As a result of the immediate revenue from butter making in winter cows get better care and better feeding. As a consequence, they give more milk the following summer. After winter dairying was begun at the first government dairy station, at the Mount Elgin Dairy Company, who had thirty cows and had milked them during the month of May of the following year he obtained twenty-five hundred pounds of milk from his herd of cows than he had ever obtained in that month in any previous year. Doubtless that was mainly owing to the fact that the cows were kept in a fairly warm stable during the winter months and fed on succulent feed to induce a large flow of milk. Lows cows on the average are made to milk during ten months in the year, they are likely to become unprofitable as milkers. It will not do to let the cows become a leisurely class on holidays, for five or six months of the year.

Letters dropped into a box in Paris are delivered in Berlin within an hour and a half and sometimes within thirty minutes. They are whisked through tubes by pneumatic power.

The national hymns of China are of such extraordinary length that it is stated that half a day would be required to sing them through.

The Russian state scepter is of solid gold, three feet long, and contains among its ornaments 218 diamonds, 300 rubies, and 15 emeralds.

Windsor Salt

Purest and Best for Table and Dairy No. 1. Iteration. Never called.

Windsor Salt

Windsor Salt

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THE PUBLIC

ARE CAUTIONED against spurious waters served out of refilled APOLLINARIS bottles or out of bottles with labels and cork brands resembling those used for APOLLINARIS.

The CONVICTION recently obtained before the POLICE MAGISTRATE of an offender in Toronto is assurance that all complaints of such illegal practices will receive vigorous attention.

THE APOLLINARIS CO., LD., LONDON.

Seagram's Whisky

and "Thistle Blend"

SOLE AGENTS

R. P. RITHET & CO., LD.

No Klondike Outfit Complete

Without Reindeer Brand

MILK

Containing all the CREAM of the Original Milk. The best and most economical for MINERS' USE. Every Tin Guaranteed.

Remember when going North that the

Hotel Astoria

AT SKAGWAY,

Is the largest and best furnished Hotel in Alaska. Has steam heat, electric lights, bathhouse in a cold-water, call bell, etc. Reliable information as to freight and transportation furnished on application. Baggage stored free. Headquarters for Victoria & B. C. Travelers. Beds 50c. to \$1.50. No bunk.

CRAMPTON & ARMY ROUT. P. M.

ARE YOU

Troubled with pains in the small of your back, pains up each side of back bone to lower points of shoulder-blade every now and then? Have you head pains, left or right side? Have you a dizzy feeling or sensation, floating flicks or dots before the gaze? Do you feel melancholy? Are you nervous? Have you over-worked? Have you over-eaten? Have you over-exhausted your mind or body? Have you abused nature or yourself? If you have you must get cured as soon as possible. What will cure you?

Will cure you. Hudyan is certain to cure you. It has cured others—it will cure you. Consult Hudyan doctors free, or write for Circulars and Testimonials.

HUDSON MEDICAL INSTITUTE

IS IT IN YOUR BLOOD? IS IT IN YOUR BLOOD? IS IT IN YOUR BLOOD?

First, secondary or tertiary forms of blood disorders are manifested by copper-colored spots and falling hair. Thirty-day cure is certain.

CALL OR WRITE FOR 30-DAY CIRCULARS

HUDSON MEDICAL INSTITUTE, Stockton Market and Ellis Sts.

San Francisco, - - - Cal.

LAND REGISTRY ACT.

In the matter of the application of Lionel Barnett Joseph and Josephus Barnett Joseph, formerly of Victoria, but now of London, England, for a Certificate of Indefeasible Title to the following Lots: one hundred and nine (109), one hundred and ten (110), one hundred and eleven (111), one hundred and twelve (112), one hundred and thirteen (113), one hundred and fourteen (114), one hundred and fifteen (115), one hundred and sixteen (116), one hundred and seventeen (117), one hundred and eighteen (118), one hundred and nineteen (119), one hundred and twenty (120), one hundred and twenty-one (121), one hundred and twenty-two (122), one hundred and twenty-three (123), one hundred and twenty-four (124), one hundred and twenty-five (125), one hundred and twenty-six (126), one hundred and twenty-seven (127), one hundred and twenty-eight (128), one hundred and twenty-nine (129), one hundred and thirty (130), one hundred and thirty-one (131), one hundred and thirty-two (132), one hundred and thirty-three (133), one hundred and thirty-four (134), one hundred and thirty-five (135), one hundred and thirty-six (136), one hundred and thirty-seven (137), one hundred and thirty-eight (138), one hundred and thirty-nine (139), one hundred and forty (140), one hundred and forty-one (141), one hundred and forty-two (142), one hundred and forty-three (143), one hundred and forty-four (144), one hundred and forty-five (145), one hundred and forty-six (146), one hundred and forty-seven (147), one hundred and forty-eight (148), one hundred and forty-nine (149), one hundred and fifty (150), one hundred and fifty-one (151), one hundred and fifty-two (152), one hundred and fifty-three (153), one hundred and fifty-four (154), one hundred and fifty-five (155), one hundred and fifty-six (156), one hundred and fifty-seven (157), one hundred and fifty-eight (158), one hundred and fifty-nine (159), one hundred and sixty (160), one hundred and sixty-one (161), one hundred and sixty-two (162), one hundred and sixty-three (163), one hundred and sixty-four (164), one hundred and sixty-five (165), one hundred and sixty-six (166), one hundred and sixty-seven (167), one hundred and sixty-eight (168), one hundred and sixty-nine (169), one hundred and seventy (170), one hundred and seventy-one (171), one hundred and seventy-two (172), one hundred and seventy-three (173), one hundred and seventy-four (174), one hundred and seventy-five (175), one hundred and seventy-six (176), one hundred and seventy-seven (177), one hundred and seventy-eight (178), one hundred and seventy-nine (179), one hundred and eighty (180), one hundred and eighty-one (181), one hundred and eighty-two (182), one hundred and eighty-three (183), one hundred and eighty-four (184), one hundred and eighty-five (185), one hundred and eighty-six (186), one hundred and eighty-seven (187), one hundred and eighty-eight (188), one hundred and eighty-nine (189), one hundred and ninety (190), one hundred and ninety-one (191), one hundred and ninety-two (192), one hundred and ninety-three (193), one hundred and ninety-four (194), one hundred and ninety-five (195), one hundred and ninety-six (196), one hundred and ninety-seven (197), one hundred and ninety-eight (198), one hundred and ninety-nine (199), two hundred (200).

Money saving prices for you in buying your Furniture from us, especially for the man who tells for his dollars as most of us do. Our line has never been more complete, nor with greater range from high to low prices.

Also, just arrived from Manufacturers in England over 8,000 yards of Carpet in endless variety in designs and colors. Call and convince yourself.

THE B.C. FURNITURE CO., JACOB SEHL Manager

NOTICE.

The Union Gallery of British Columbia, Limited Liability.

The annual general meeting of the stockholders of the company will be held at the company's office, Victoria, on Wednesday, the 5th day of October next, at 11 o'clock in the forenoon.

CHAS. E. POOLEY, Secretary.

NOTICE

Is hereby given at the next sitting of the Board of License Commissioners I intend to apply for a transfer of the license held by me for the sale of wines, liquors, etc., on the premises known as the "Hall Saloon," Fort Street, to C. W. Clemenson.

S. Y. WOOTTON, Registrar-General.

Land Registry Office, Victoria, B. C., June 29th, 1898.

Corporation of the City of Victoria

NOTICE is hereby given that on Wednesday, the 21st day of September, at the City Pound, situate on Chambers street, at the hour of 12 o'clock noon, shall be sold by public auction the following animals, viz.: One White Mare; also one Dark Brown Mare, unless the said animals are redeemed on or before the 1st day of October next, at 11 o'clock in the forenoon.

CURRIAN, Pound Keeper.

